

4. EILAT AIRPORT

EILAT AIRPORT 1949

EILAT AIRPORT - THE DESERT LANDING

1951



Figure 226. Eilat airport, 1951. (Source: National Library of Israel)

A plane lands above the isolated houses in Eilat

1953



Figure 225. Eilat Airport, 1953. (Source: Eilat's archive)

1955

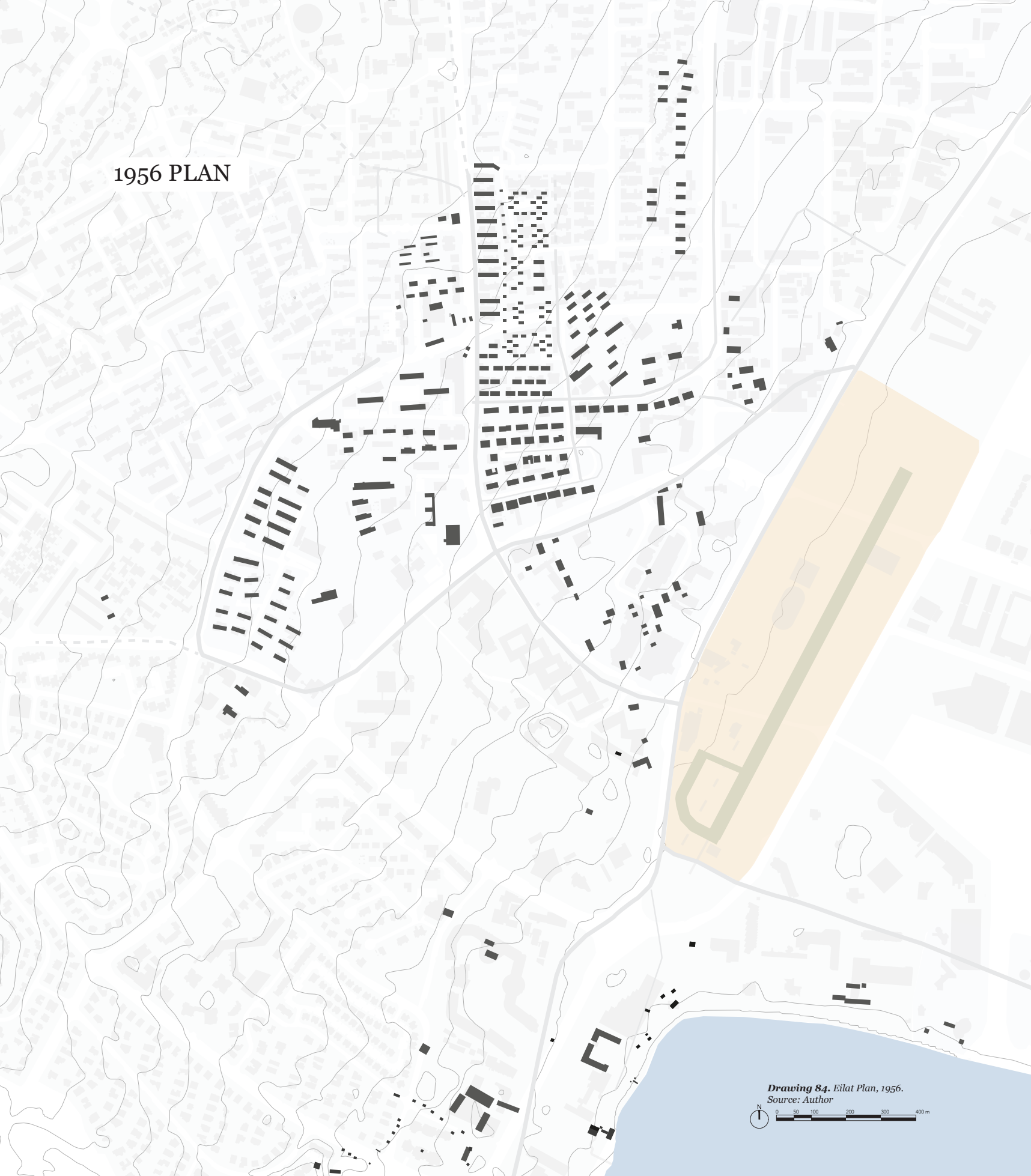


Figure 228. Eilat Airport, 1955. Source: Eilat's archive

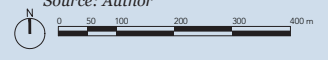


Figure 227. First flight to Eilat. (Source: Eilat's archive)

1956 PLAN



Drawing 84. Eilat Plan, 1956.
Source: Author



EILAT AIRPORT 1956

EILAT AIRPORT - NEW AIRPORT FO A YUNG CITY

AIRPOT IN 1956



Figure 231. Aerial view of Eilat, 1956. (Source: Eilat's archive)

1968 -LONGER AIRPORT



Figure 229. Aerial View with the area of the airport, 1968. Source: Eilat's archive

1957



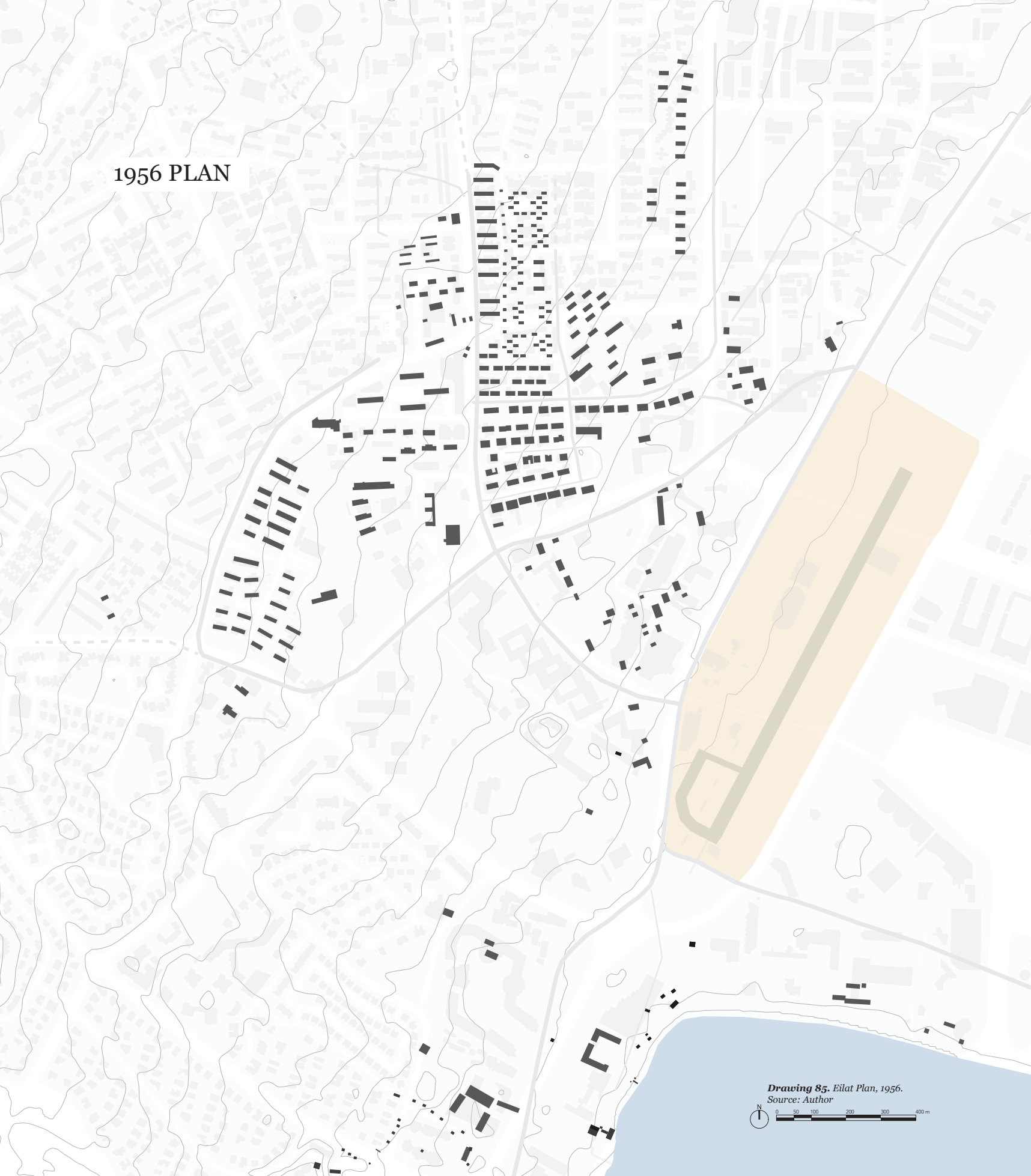
Figure 230. Plain at the airport , 1957. Source: Eilat's archive

AIRPORT IN THE CITY

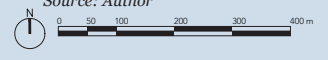


Figure 232. Eilat Airport, 1964. (Source: Wikimedia)

1956 PLAN



Drawing 85. Eilat Plan, 1956.
Source: Author



EILAT AIRPORT 1968

FIRST INTERNATIONAL FLIGHT - EILAT AS AN INTERNATIONAL TOURIST DESTINATION

1975



Figure 235. 1975. Source: Eilat's archive

FIRST FLIGHT TO EILAT



Figure 234. First flight to Eilat. Source: Eilat's archive

1964



Figure 236. Aerial view of Eilat, 1964. (Source: Eilat's archive)

1972

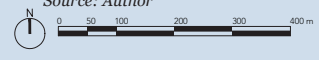


Figure 233. 1972. Source: Eilat's archive

1968 PLAN



Drawing 86. Eilat Plan, 1968.
Source: Author



EILAT AIRPORT 2010

EILAT AIRPORT - AIRPORT BECOME A BARRIER SINCE THE CITY GROW

The Airport as Urban Core. This panoramic view illustrates the extreme proximity between heavy transport infrastructure and the zone of leisure. In Eilat, the airport did not sit on the periphery; it bisected the urban core.

1977

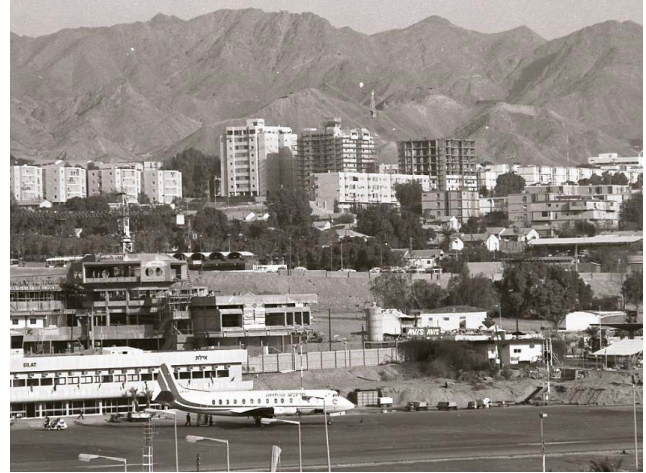


Figure 238. Eilat airport, 1977. Source: National Library of Israel

ARKIA PLAIN WITH THE HOTEL AREA



Figure 239. Eilat airport, 1988. (Source: National Library of Israel)



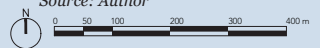
Figure 237. Eilat airport Aerial view. (2008. Source: Eilat's archive)

Urban Saturation: The Airport as a Void. Thirty years after the initial development, the spatial relationship has inverted. The airport no longer sits in the desert; it sits within the city. This aerial view reveals the airport as a massive linear void bisecting the urban fabric. The buffer zones have vanished, leaving a tense, immediate interface where the operational requirements of the runway (noise, safety zones) clash directly with the dense commercial and hospitality zoning that has encroached upon its perimeter.

1977 PLAN



Drawing 87. Eilat Plan, 1977.
Source: Author



3.10 THE BIRTH OF THE TOURIST INDUSTRY

3.10.1 FIRST TOURISM IN THE CITY



Figure 242. Tourists at the east coast, 1963. Source: Eilat's archive



Figure 243. Scandinavian Tourists at the north coast, 1981. Source: Eilat's archive

1981 - On the North Coast Scandinavian Tourists



Figure 244. Scandinavian Tourists at the north coast, 1964. Source: Eilat's archive

TOURISM PROMOTION FOR EILAT



Figure 245. Promotion Catalogue of El Al Airline, 1988. Source: Eilat's archive

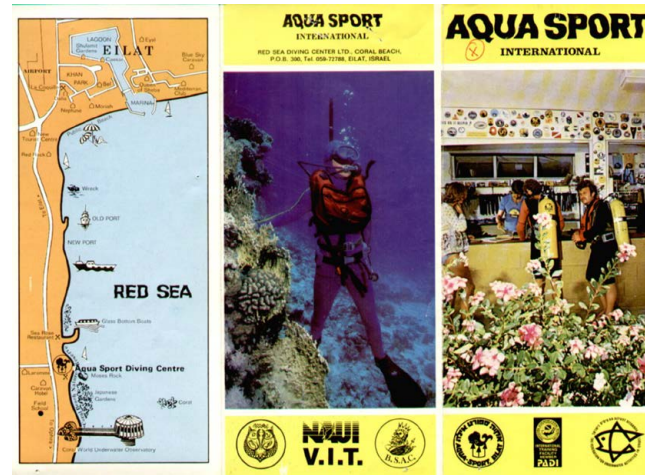


Figure 246. Promotion for Aqua Sport Diving Centre, 1980s. Source: Eilat's archive

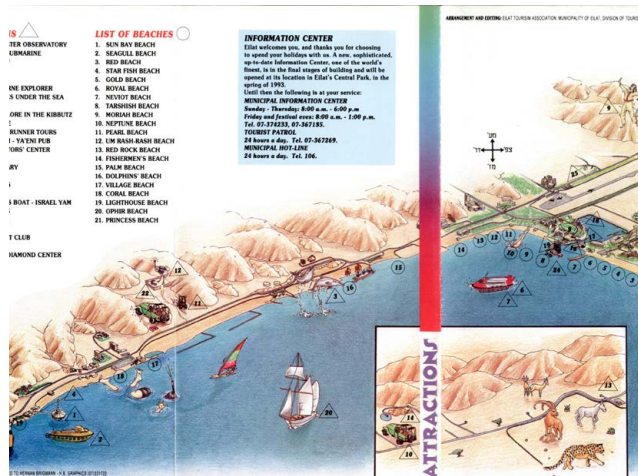


Figure 247. Promotion of the city activities, 1980s. Source: Eilat's archive

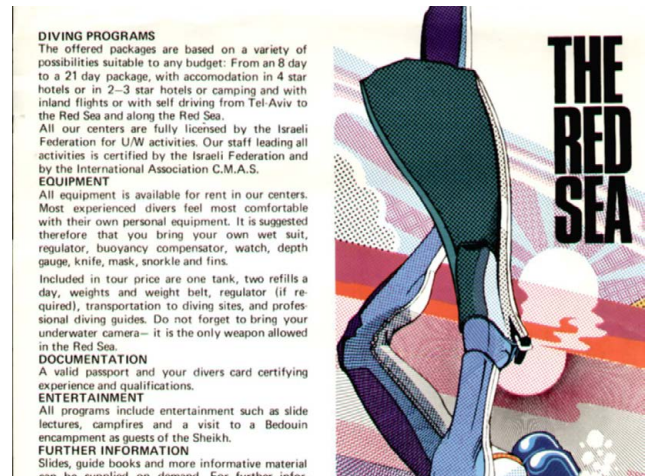


Figure 248. Promotion for Aqua Sport Diving Centre, 1965. Source: Eilat's archive

Attractions in Eilat- Tourist Information book made by the city municipality

1965 - Advertising photo with the city of Eilat and the airport in the background

3.10.2 TOURISM AND COMMUNITY BUILDINGS

TAYARUT COMPLEX



Figure 249. Tayarut Complex, 1981 Source: National Library of Israel

TAYARUT COMPLEX



Figure 250. Tayarut Complex, 1981 Source: National Library of Israel

TAYARUT COMPLEX



Figure 251. Tayarut Complex, 1981 Source: National Library of Israel

SPIRALA BUILDING

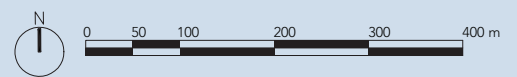


Figure 252. Spirala Centre, 1981 Source: National Library of Israel

1977 PLAN



Drawing 88. Eilat Plan, 1977.
Source: Author



3.11 THE HOSPITALITY ARCHITECTURE: HOTEL

In Eilat, the hospitality sector showcases a rich diversity of accommodation types, each tailored to meet different tourist preferences and needs, significantly influencing the city's touristic appeal. At one end of the spectrum, resort hotels provide "all-inclusive" packages within expansive, enclosed complexes that deliver a comprehensive array of tourist services all under one roof, aiming to cater to every conceivable tourist need internally. Conversely, Bed and Breakfasts (B&Bs) offer a more intimate, smaller-scale lodging option, encouraging guests to venture out and explore the city's offerings by not exclusively providing all tourist services on-site. Boutique hotels, renowned for their distinctive quality and often of medium size, occasionally offer a complete suite of services to tourists, distinguished by their unique character and personal touch.

Hostels, typically smaller in scale and often integrated into the urban fabric without being confined to a singular complex, present an affordable and straightforward accommodation option, primarily targeting younger travellers or those seeking budget-friendly lodging.

The city also accommodates unregulated hospitality options such as Airbnb, which provide a partial hotel experience that can also serve as residential housing for the remainder of the year. These units cater

to a broad audience, from long-term stays by tourism industry employees to short-term stays by holidaymakers or locals. Additionally, dedicated complexes provide accommodations specifically for hotel staff, catering to those employed within the hospitality sector.

Moreover, a considerable portion of areas labelled as "residential" in the city's core are, in fact, used as holiday apartments, thus making hospitality the primary function within the planning area. Hospitality venues occupy about 54% of the built-up areas in the city centre. When combined with residential spaces, which largely operate as holiday apartments, these areas account for nearly 70% of the city centre's built-up spaces, highlighting the dominant role of tourism and hospitality in defining Eilat's urban landscape.

HOTEL ARCHITECTURE

TROPICANA MOTEL



Figure 254. Tropicana Motel, 1961. Source: Eilat's archive

TROPICANA MOTEL



Figure 255. Tropicana Motel, 1961. Source: Eilat's archive

CARAVAN HOTEL 1964



Figure 253. Caravan hotel, 1964. Source: Eilat's archive

WEHAT ARCHITECTURE
FEATURE THERE ARE

Caravan hotel was a hotel in the south coast

1968 PLAN



Drawing 89. Eilat Plan, 1977.
Source: Author



HOTEL ARCHITECTURE



Figure x Shlomo hotel, 1963. Source: Eilat's archive

1969



Figure x Shlomo Hotel, 1969. Source: Eilat's archive



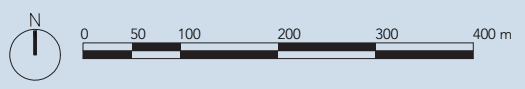
Shlomo hotel, 1963. Source: Eilat's archive

Hotel Shlomo (Salomon), was in the city centre.

1968 PLAN



Drawing 90. Eilat Plan, 1968.
Source: Author



HOTEL ARCHITECTURE

MEDIN HOTEL 1965

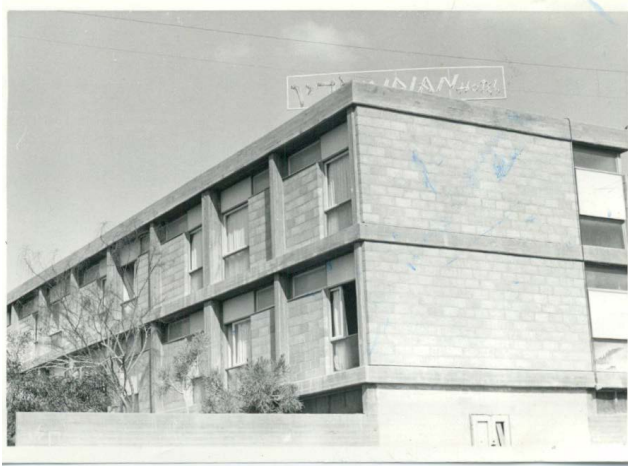


Figure 256. Madin hotel, 1965. (Source: Eilat's archive)

1962



Figure 258. Madin hotel, 1962. (Source: Eilat's archive)

INTERIOR OF THE MEDIN HOTEL 1966

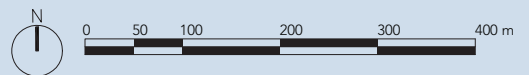


Figure 257. Room interior of Madin hotel rooms, 1966. (Source: Eilat's archive)

1968 PLAN



Drawing 91. Eilat Plan, 1968.
Source: Author



HOTEL ARCHITECTURE

EILAT HOTEL 1967



Figure 260. Eilat Hotel, 1967. Source: Eilat's archive

Eilat Hotel Street Facade. A view of the Eilat Hotel's western elevation. The image highlights the distinctive design, which provides deep shading for the guest room balconies. In the foreground, the public verge remains unpaved and sandy, contrasting with the manicured private gardens behind the low stone wall. An open utility vehicle is parked on the shoulder, characteristic of the era's transport.

1964



Figure 259. Eilat hotel, 1964. Source: Eilat's archive

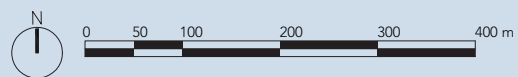


Figure 261. Eilat Hotel. Source: Eilat's archive

1968 PLAN



Drawing 92. Eilat Plan, 1968.
Source: Author



HOTEL ARCHITECTURE

QUEEN OF SHEBA HOTEL



Figure 262. Queen of Sheba Hoetel, 1972. Source: Eilat's archive

1974



Figure 264. Eilat Hotel and queen of Sheba Hotel, 1974. Source: Eilat's archive



Figure 263. Queen of Sheba hotel, 1966. Source: Eilat's archive

1968 PLAN



Drawing 93. Eilat Plan, 1968.
Source: Author



HOTEL ARCHITECTURE

STAR SEA HOTEL

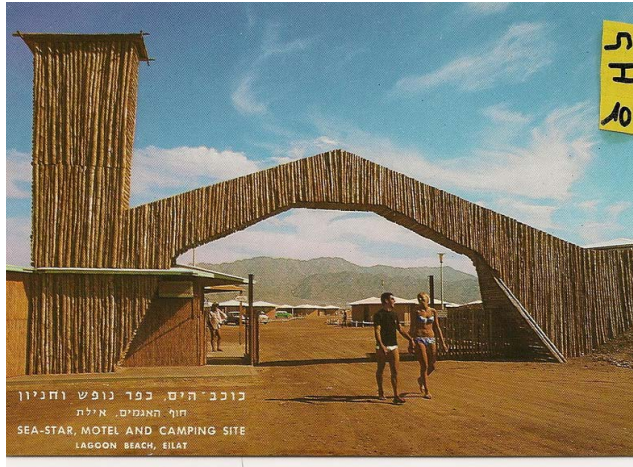


Figure 269. Sea Star Motel-color postcard. (Source: Eilat's archive)



Figure 270. Sea Star Motel at the north shore, 1969. (Source: Eilat's archive)

STAR SEA HOTEL

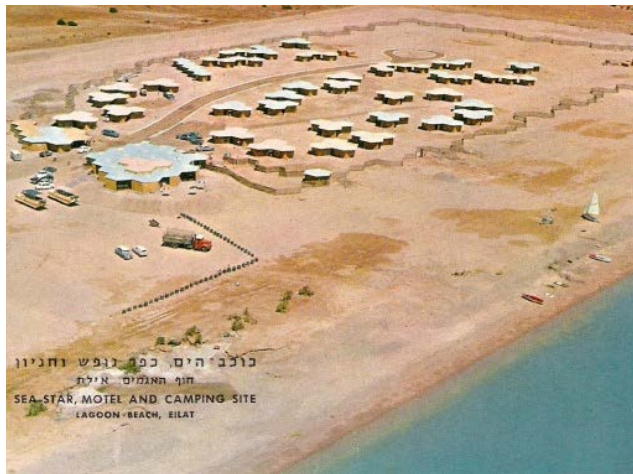
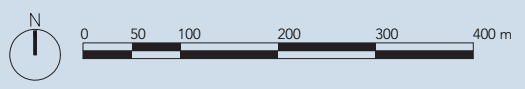


Figure 268. Sea Star Motel at the north shore, 1969. (Source: Eilat's archive)

1968 PLAN



Drawing 94. Eilat Plan, 1968.
Source: Author



HOTEL ARCHITECTURE

NEPTUNE HOTEL



Figure 271. Neptune Hotel, 1970s. Source: Eilat's archive

RED ROCK HOTEL



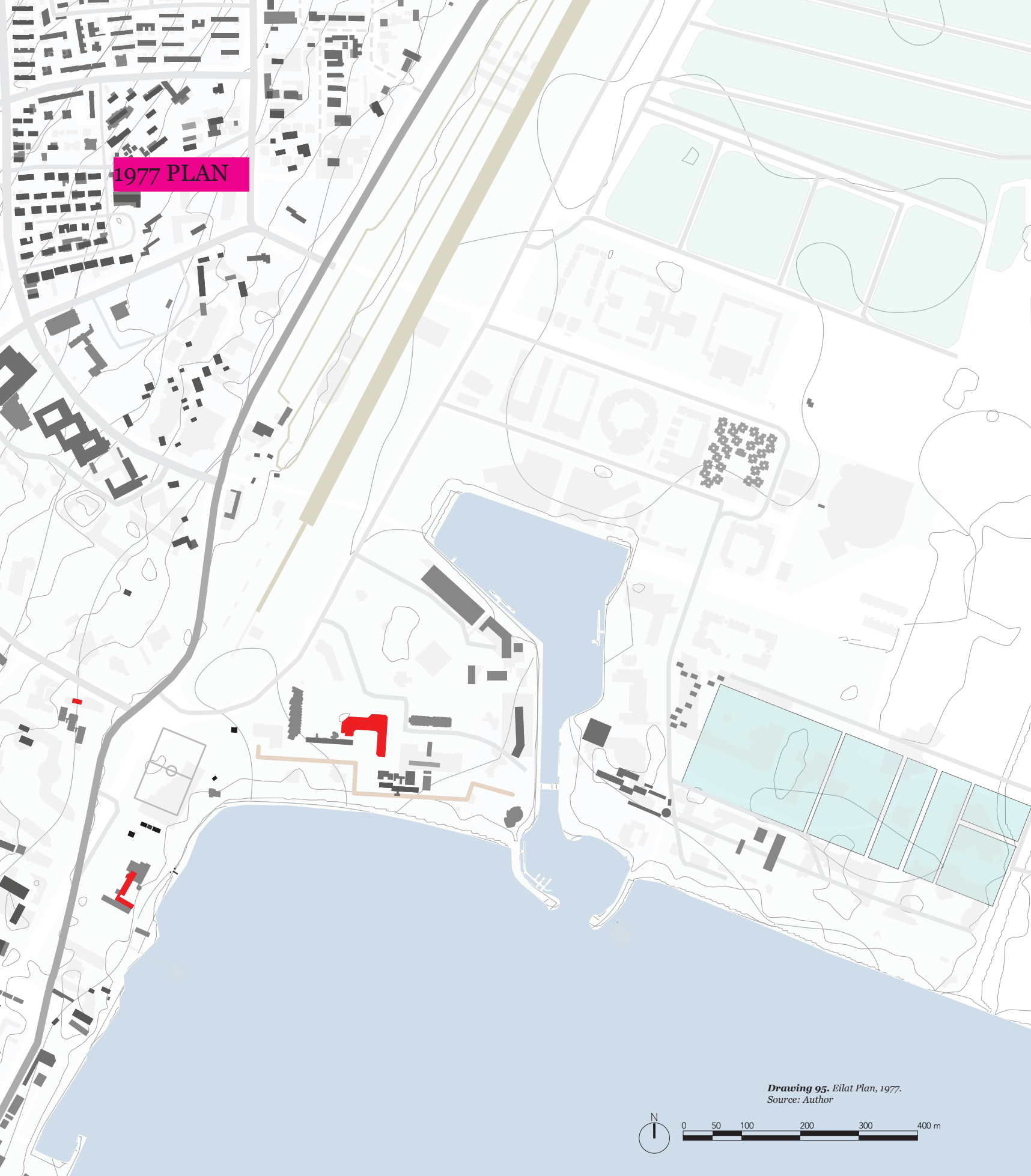
Figure 273. The Red Rock Hotel, 1988. Source: National Library of Israel

EDOMIT HOTEL



Figure 272. Edomit Hotel, 2002. Source: Eilat's archive

1977 PLAN



Drawing 95. Eilat Plan, 1977.
Source: Author



HOTEL ARCHITECTURE

MEGA HOTELS

KING SOLOMON HOTEL



Figure 277. King Solomon. Source: Eilat's archive

COURT YARD HOTEL



Figure 276. Royal Garden Hotel, 2007. Source: National Library of Israel

COURT YARD HOTEL



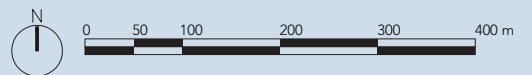
Figure 275. Marina Club Hotel- one of the first hotels that built at the marina's area. Source: Eilat's archive

These images highlights the “courtyard” typology, where the building wings protect the central leisure garden from the desert wind. The surrounding street network is fully developed with paved asphalt, sidewalks, and lighting, awaiting further construction on the adjacent plots.

1990 PLAN



Drawing 96. Eilat Plan, 1990.
Source: Author



HOTEL ARCHITECTURE

SOUTH COAST HOTELS

PRINCESS HOTEL



Figure 278. Princess hotel, 1992. Source: Eilat's archive



Figure 279. Princess hotel, 1986. Source: National Library of Israel

SOUTH COAST HOTEL



Figure 281. Orchidea Hotel. Source: saf



Figure 280. Princess Hotel. Source: Saf

1990 PLAN



Drawing 97. Eilat Plan, 1990.
Source: Author

HOTEL ARCHITECTURE



Figure 282. Crown Plaza hotel, 2010. Source: Eilat's archive



Figure 283. Hotel zone at the north coast. Source: Caf

TITLE

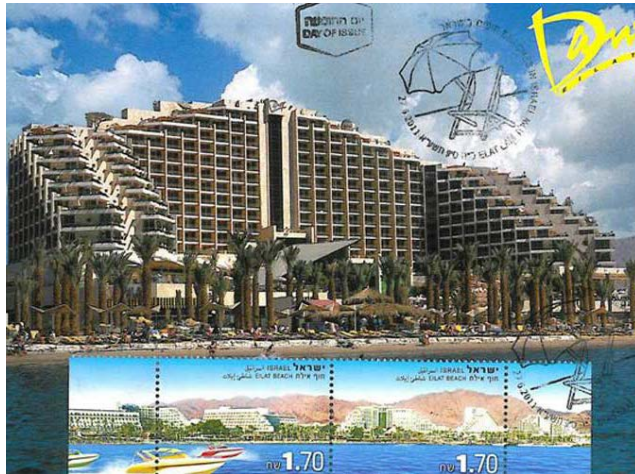


Figure 284. Dan hotel, 2014 Source: Dan hotel website

TITLE



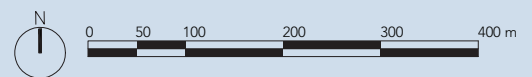
Figure 285. Hotels in the north-east coast, 2020. Source: Eilat's archive

Dan and Herods Hotes

2010 PLAN



Drawing 98. Eilat Plan, 2010.
Source: Author



3.12 COASTAL EVOLUTION

ARIAL VIEW OF THE COASTLIN AT 1968



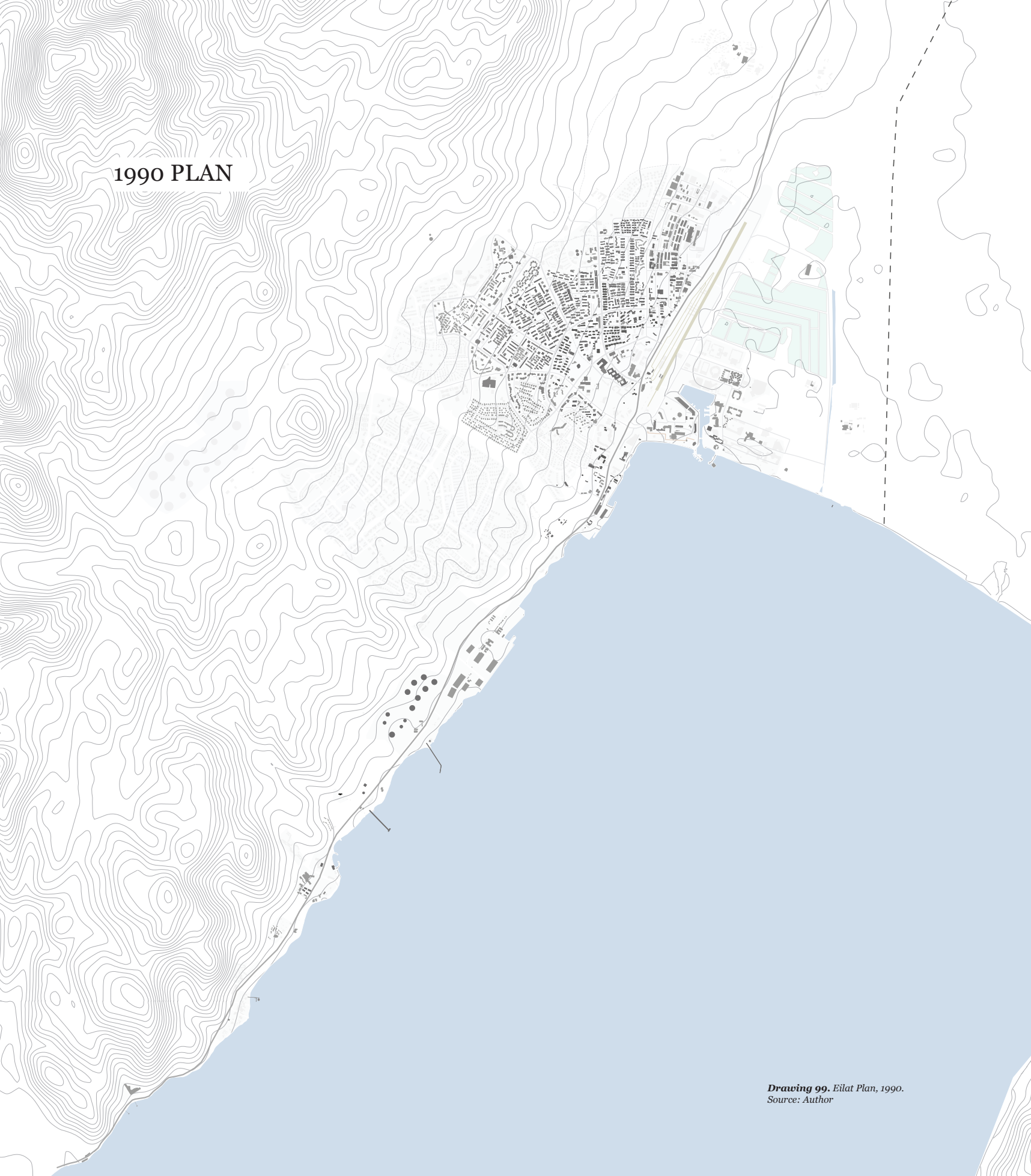
Figure 288. Coastline at 1968. Source: Saf

ARIAL VIEW OF THE COASTLIN AT 2020S



Figure 287. Coastline. Source: Saf

1990 PLAN



COASTAL EVOLUTION

3.12.1 NORTH COAST

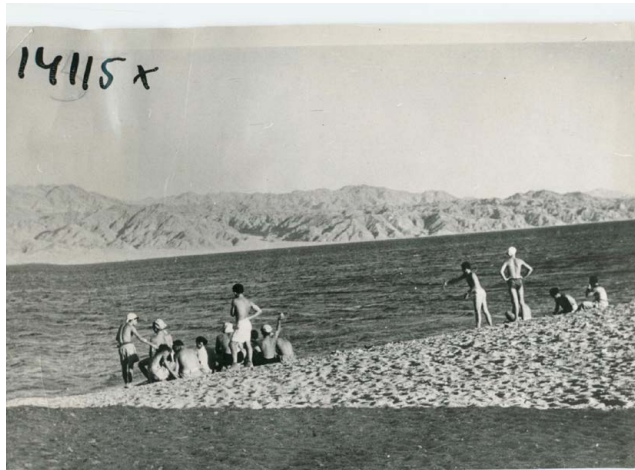
1950



the north coast, 1950. Source: National Library of Israel

These images reviles that the northern coast was a social activity already at early phase of the city.

1959



People bathing at the north coast, 1959. Source: Eilat's archive

1959 - Bathing on the North Shore



1956 PLAN

Drawing 100. Eilat Plan, 1956v.

Source: Author

COASTLINE EVOLUTION

NORTH COAST

1965



Figure 289. Aerial View of the north coast, 1965. Source: Eilat's archive

The northern coast on the eve of the signing of the Israel Lands Administration agreement with Haffa'a, October 1965

1969

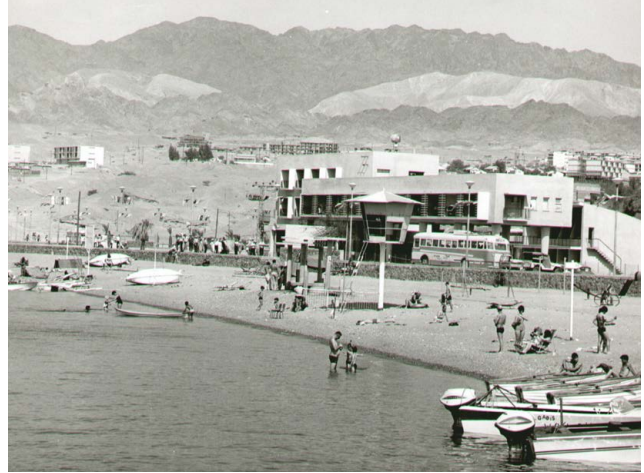


Figure 291. Eilat Hotel, 1969. Source: Eilat's archive

1969



Figure 290. A raft at the North Coast, 1969. Source: Eilat's archive

1969 - A hammer raft drives piles for the North Coast Marine Spring - September 1969



1968 PLAN

Drawing 101. Eilat Plan, 1968.

Source: Author

COASTLINE EVOLUTION

NORTH COAST

1963



Figure 295. The west coast 1963. Source: Eilat's archive

1963 - The west coast of Eilat with the glass boats and the fishermen's house

1969



Figure 292. The north coast with the view of the south coast. The far mountains of Sinai, 1969. (Source: Eilat's archive)

1969 - Northern coast

NORTH COAST AS A SOCIAL PLACE - 1969



Figure 293. North Beach, 1969. Source: Eilat's archive

1969



Figure 294. The north coast, 1969. (Source: Eilat's archive)

1969 - Northern coast



1968 PLAN

Drawing 102. Eilat Plan, 1968.

Source: Author

COASTLINE EVOLUTION

NORTH COAST

1969



1969. (Source: Eilat's archive)

From Wild Coast to Public Beach. By the mid-70s, the beach was no longer just a strip of sand; it was a managed public facility. This image highlights the new infrastructure added to organize the coast: a distinct, angular Lifeguard Tower stands in the centre, and permanent concrete shade structures have been built for bathers. These additions prove that the municipality was now taking responsibility for the safety and comfort of the tourists, transforming the “wild” nature into a regulated park.

1978

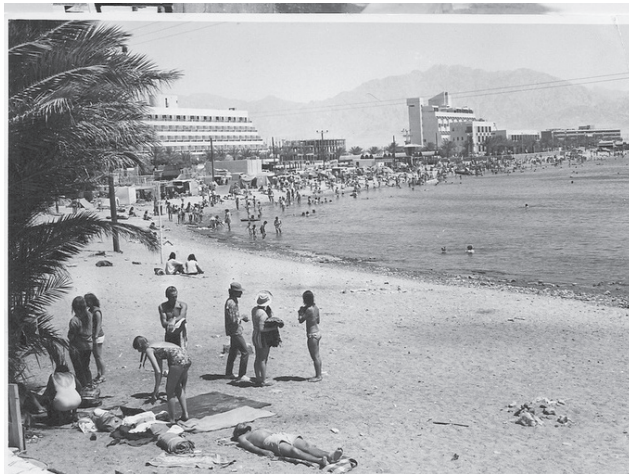


Figure x the west coast with hotels at the background, 1978. Source: Eilat's archive

2010



People bathing at the north coast, 2010s. (Source: Eilat's archive)

North Shore. Looking west to east

1977 PLAN



Drawing 103. Eilat Plan, 1977.
Source: Author

COASTLINE EVOLUTION

3.12.2 NORTH - EAST COAST

1971



Figure x North coast, 1971. Source: Eilat's archive

1964



Figure x North coast with the mountains of Aqaba behind, 1964. Source: Eilat's archive

North Shore

VIEW TO AQABA

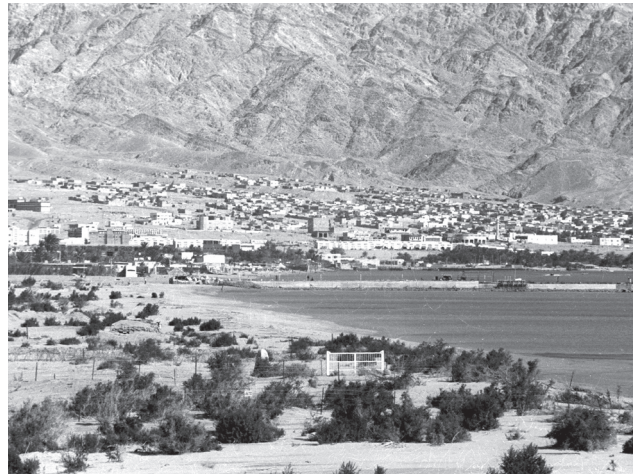


Figure x A raft at the North Coast, 1970. Source: Eilat's archive

1977 PLAN



Drawing 104. Eilat Plan, 1977.
Source: Author

COASTLINE EVOLUTION

3.12.3 NORTH COAST - SHADINGS



Figure 299. Tents on the beach, 1971. Source: National Library of Israel

1977



Figure 296. People are using tents as protection from the sun at the north coast, 1977. Source: Eilat's archive

1980



Figure 297. People chilling at the north coast, 1980. Source: Eilat's archive

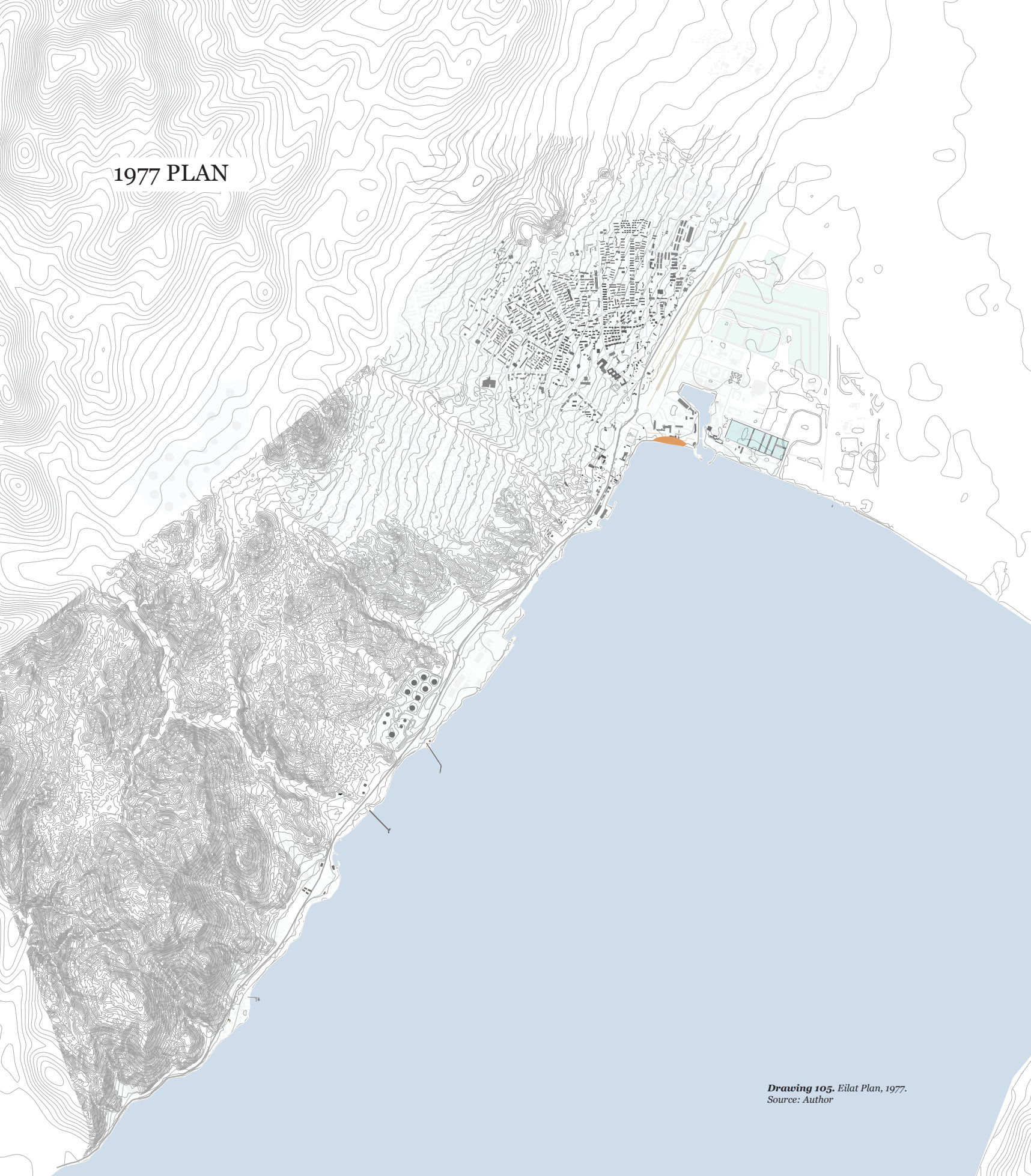
1981



Figure 298. Permanent shade protection, 1981. Source: Eilat's archive

Completion of work on the bridges on the White Beach (special bridges to cross the coastal rock) January 1981

1977 PLAN



Drawing 105. Eilat Plan, 1977.
Source: Author

COASTLINE EVOLUTION

NORTH COAST

1989



Figure 300. People bathing at the North coast with the city buildings at the background, 1989. Source: Eilat's archive

2003

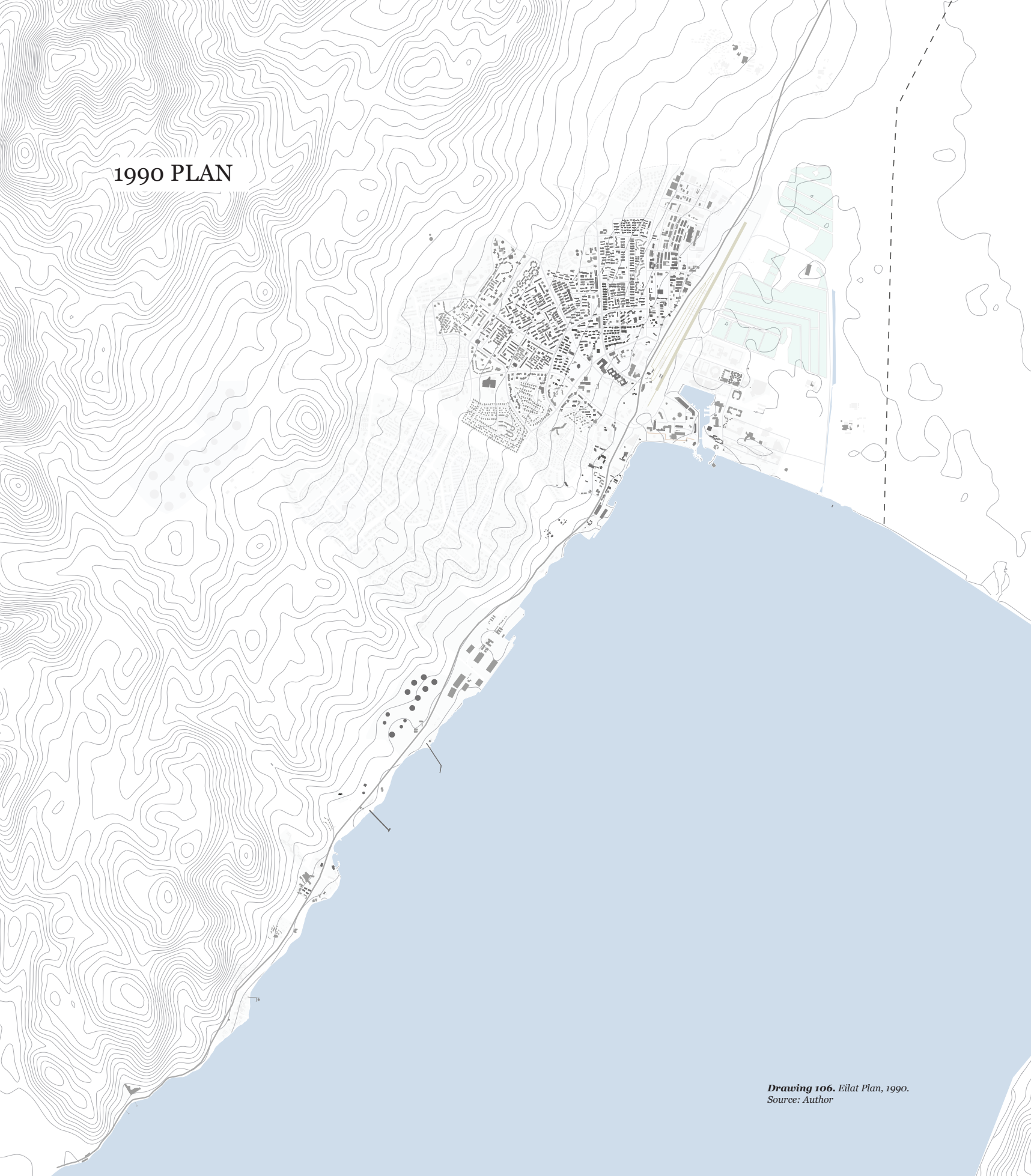


Figure 301. North coast with the Mol Hayam shopping centre and the city building in the background, 2003. Source: Eilat's archive



Figure 302. North coast with the new promenade, 1970. Source: Eilat's archive

1990 PLAN



COASTLINE EVOLUTION

3.12.4 NORTH COAST PROMENADE

1970

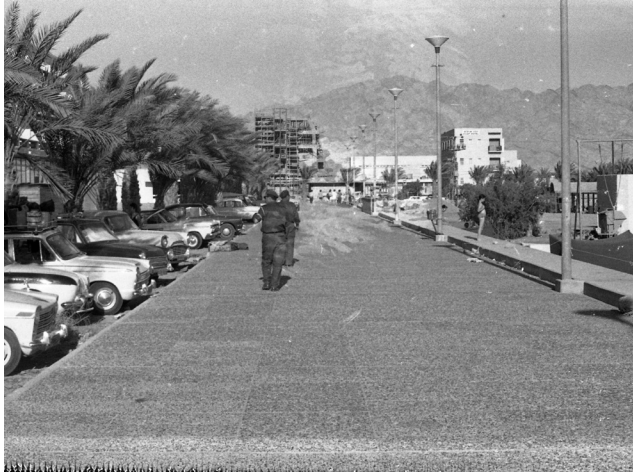


Figure 303. Eilat Promenade , 1970. Source: National Library of Israel

Eilat Promenade next to Eilat Hotel

1970



Figure 305. Eilat Promenade , 1970. Source: National Library of Israel

1970



Figure 304. Eilat Promenade , 1970. Source: National Library of Israel

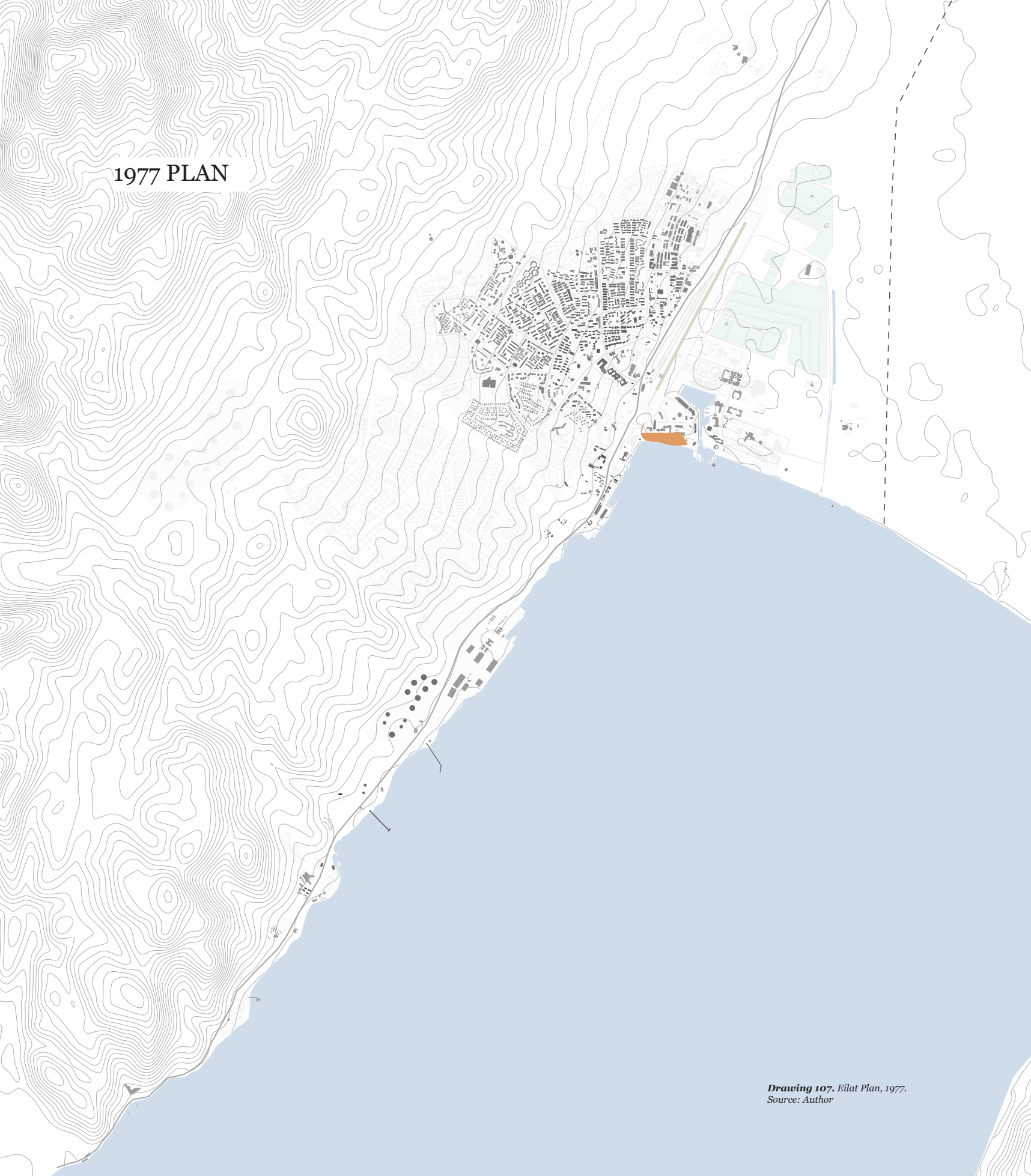
1971



Figure 306. North coast with the new promenade, 1971. Source: Eilat's archive

The New Promenade

1977 PLAN



*Drawing 107. Eilat Plan, 1977.
Source: Author*

COASTLINE EVOLUTION

NORTH COAST PROMENADE

1981



Figure 308. Eilat Promenade , 1981. Source: National Library of Israel

1981



Figure 307. Eilat Promenade , 1981. Source: National Library of Israel

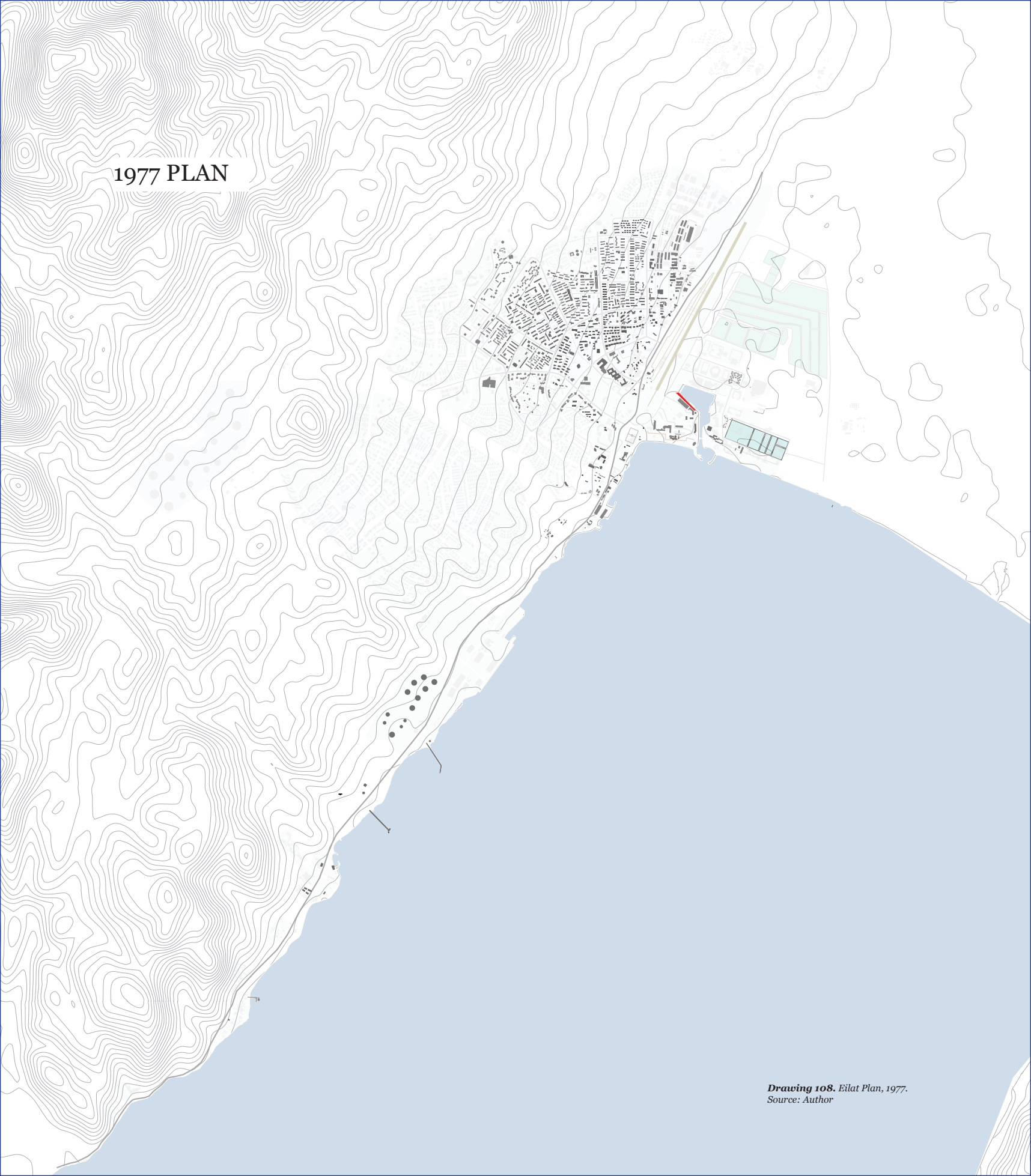
1993



Figure 309. Eilat Promenade , 1993 Source: National Library of Israel

Eilat Promenade next to the marina

1977 PLAN



COASTLINE EVOLUTION

3.12.5 NORTH COAST - THE PROMENADE BRIDGE

THE FIRST BRIDGE 1968



Eilat's Marina bridge 1968. Source: The National Library of Israel

The Marina Bridge is a prominent city landmark located on the northern coast, this drawbridge serves as the vital link between the Northern Promenade and the Eastern shoreline.

BIGGER AND HIGHER BRIDGE 1989

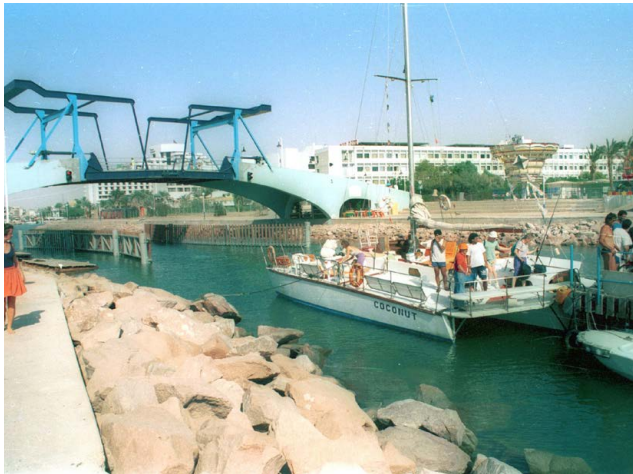


Figure x Eilat's Promenade bridge 1989. Source: The National Library of Israel

AFTER CONSTRUCTION 2008

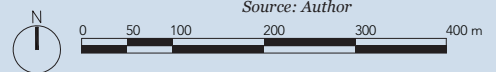


Figure x North coast bridge of the marina, 2008. Source: Eilat's archive

1977 PLAN



Drawing 109. Eilat Plan, 1977.
Source: Author



COASTLINE EVOLUTION

NORTH COAST PROMENADE

1981



Figure 310. Construction of the promenade at the north coast, 1981. Source: Eilat's archive

Construction of the Dan Hotel Promenade - August 1981

1993



Figure 311. Aerial view at the north coast with the airport behind, 1982. Source: Eilat's archive

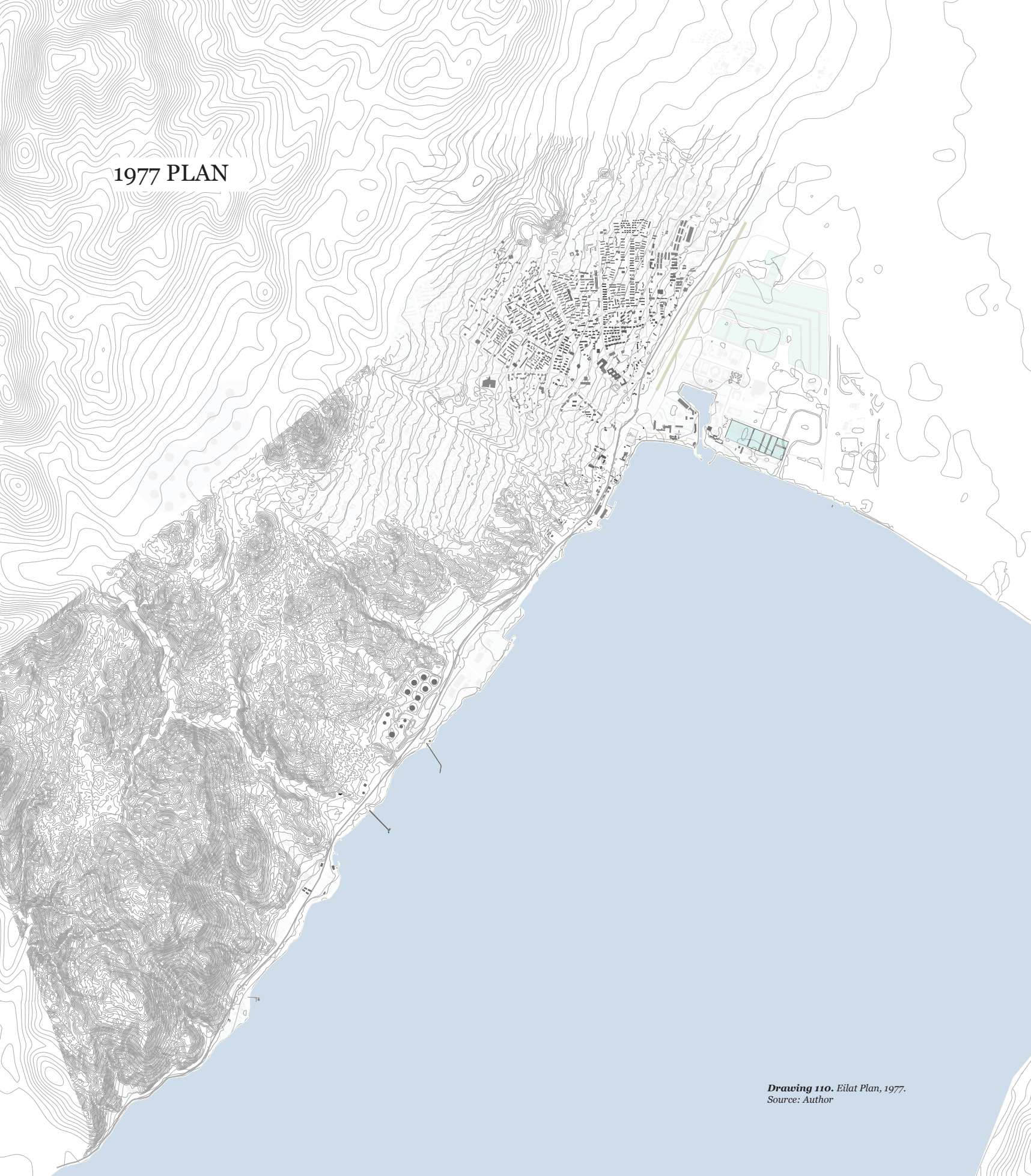
Aerial photograph of Beach Station 3 (near the Blue Sky Caravan Hotel). August 1982



Figure 312. Aerial view of an hotel at the north coast with the airport behind, 1982. Source: Eilat's archive

Aerial photograph of Beach Station 1 - (opposite the Neptune Hotel). August 1982

1977 PLAN



*Drawing 110. Eilat Plan, 1977.
Source: Author*

COASTLINE EVOLUTION

3.12.6 MARINA

1982



Figure 316. Aerial view of Eilat, 1982. Source: Eilat's archive

Eilat Bay, the Marina and salt pools and the Saint Tropez Hotel

1983



Figure 315. Aerial view of Eilat, 1983. Source: Eilat's archive

The East Coast after development in 1983

1993



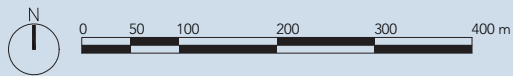
Figure 314. The Marina at the north-east coast, 2023. Source: Eilat's archive

2018



Figure 313. Aerial view of Eilat, 1983. Source: Eilat's archive

1977 PLAN



Drawing 111. Eilat Plan, 1977.
Source: Author

COASTLINE EVOLUTION

EVOLUTION OF THE MARINA AND THE LAGOON

1956- THIS AREA HAD ONLY SALT POOLS



Figure 318. Aerial View of the Marina and the lagoon, 1956. Source: Eilat Archive

1977- THE FIRST PART OF THE MARINA APPEAR



Figure 319. The lagoon, 2024 . Source: Eilat Archive

1990- NO POOLS ANYMORE



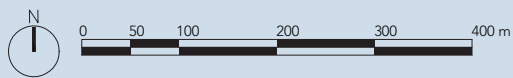
Figure 317. Herots Amphitheatre at the entrance of the lagoon, 2024 . Source: Author

2000 - THE SECOND PART OF THE MARINE AND THE LAGOON AND WAS BUILT



Figure 320. The lagoon, 2024 . Source: Author

2000 PLAN



Drawing 112. Eilat Plan, 2000.
Source: Author

COASTLINE EVOLUTION

LAGOON



Figure 323. The lagoon, 1990s . Source: Eilat Archive



Figure 325. The lagoon, 2012 . Source: Eilat Archive

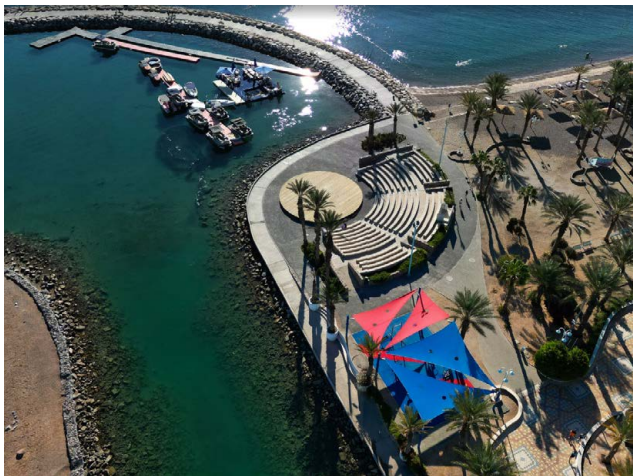


Figure 322. Herots Amphitheatre at the entrance of the lagoon, 2024 . Source: Author

2024



Figure 324. The lagoon, 2024 . Source: Author

2000 PLAN

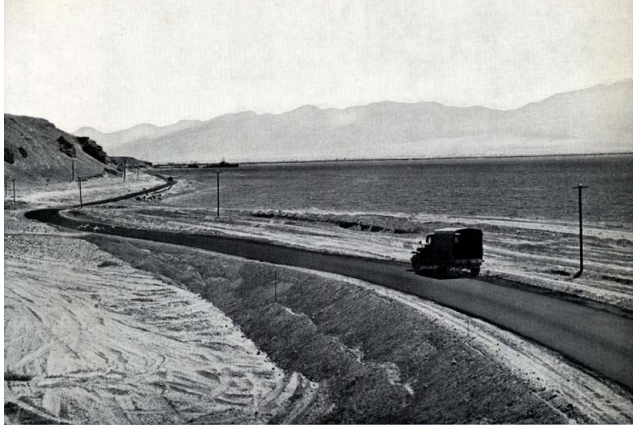


Drawing 113. Eilat Plan, 2000.
Source: Author

COASTLINE EVOLUTION

3.12.4 SOUTH COAST

1958



2015



1970

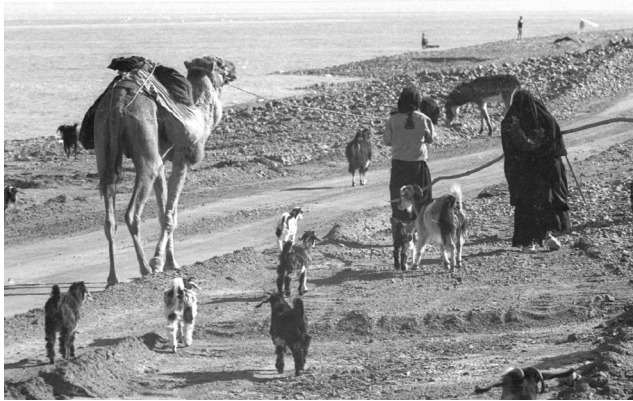
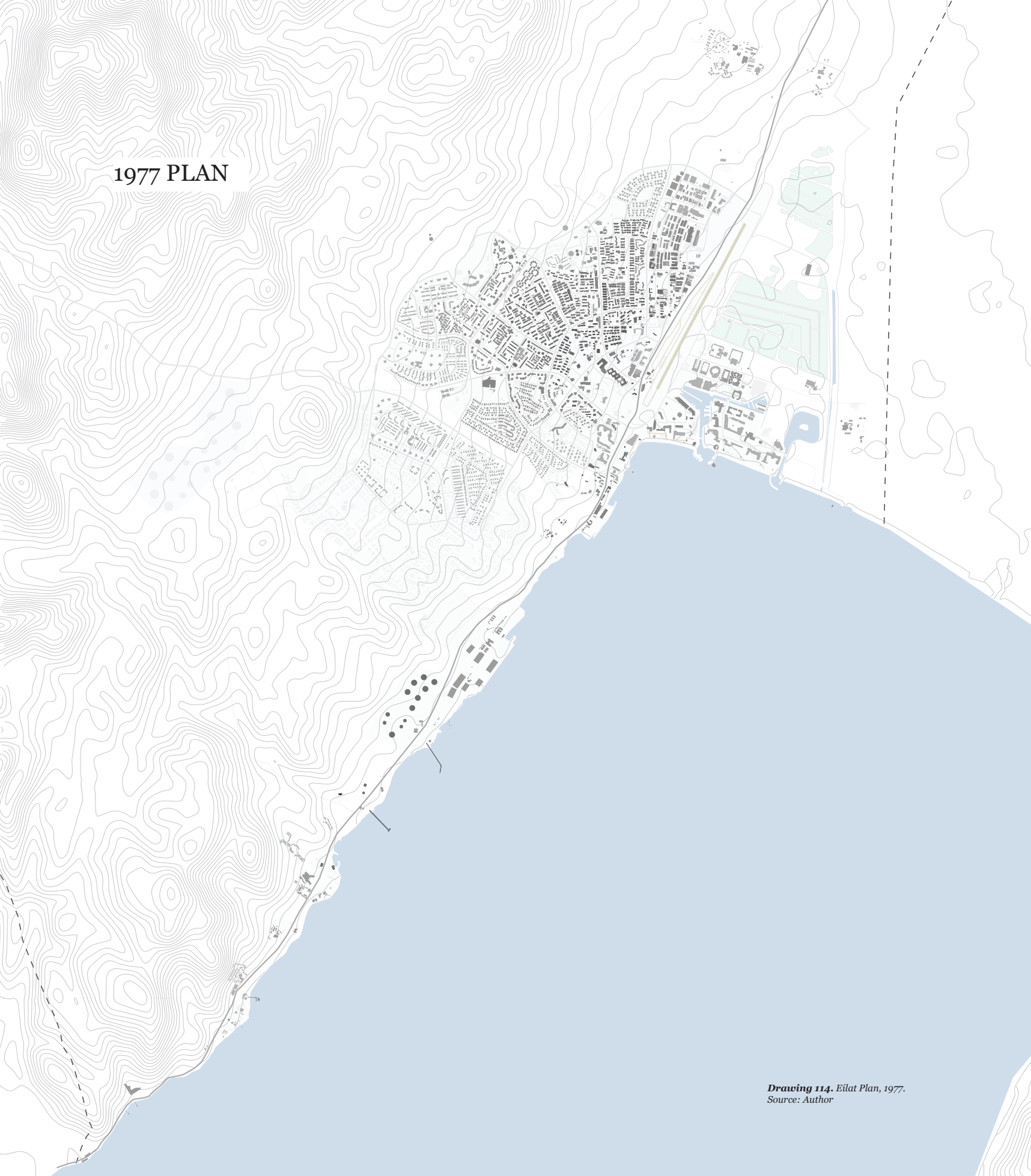


Figure 326. South coast, 1970. Source: National Library of Israel

south of Eilat with a local Beduin family, 1970

1977 PLAN



Drawing 114. Eilat Plan, 1977.
Source: Author

COASTLINE EVOLUTION

SOUTH COAST

2010 CORAL BEACH NATURAL RESERVE AND
THE SOUTHCOAST HOTEL AREA



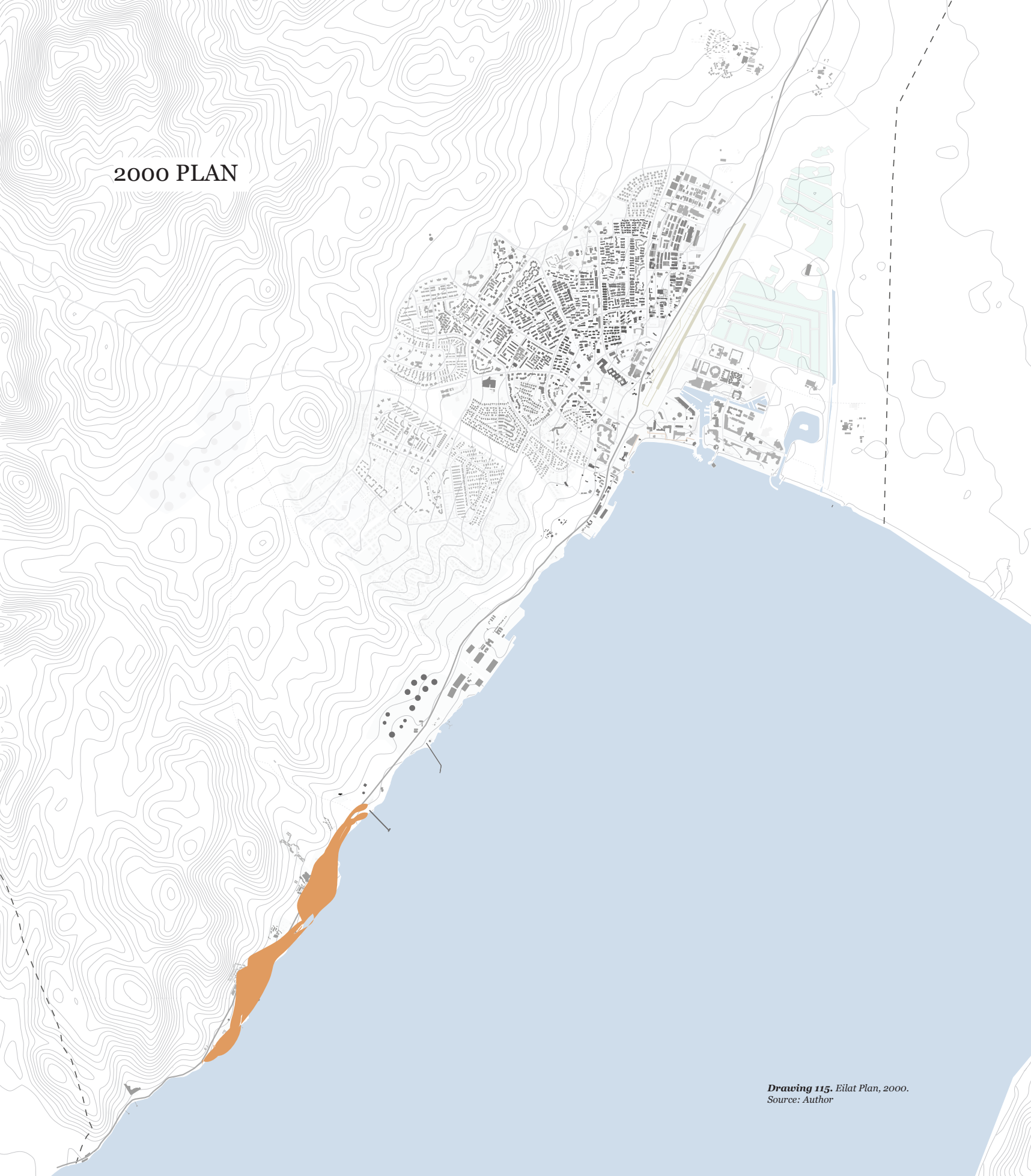
2021



2015



2000 PLAN



Drawing 115. Eilat Plan, 2000.

Source: Author

3.13 WATER SPORT ACTIVITIES

3.13.1 SNORKELLING AND SCUBA DIVING

1970



Figure 331. , 1963. Source: Eilat's archive

1970 -NORTH COAST



Figure 328. People bathing, snorkelling, and surfing, 1963. Source: Eilat's archive

1970



Figure 329. images for promoting the city, 1966. Source: Eilat's archive

1971



Figure 330. Images for promoting the city, 1966. Source: Eilat's archive

The Staged Coast: Promotional Campaigns. In an effort to rebrand Eilat as a global diving destination, the Government Tourism Bureau commissioned staged photo shoots featuring models as divers.

1968 PLAN

Sinai,
Israel

Jordan



Drawing 116. Eilat Plan, 1968.

Source: Author



WATER SPORT ACTIVITIES

3.13.2 SCUBA DIVING - SOUTH COAST

1965



Figure 333. First diving club in Eilat, 1965. Source: Eilat's archive

1965 - The first diving club

1965



Figure 332. First diving club in Eilat, 1965. Source: Eilat's archive

1965 - The first diving club

1965



Figure 335. First diving club in Eilat, 1965. Source: Eilat's archive

1965 - The first diving club aqua sport

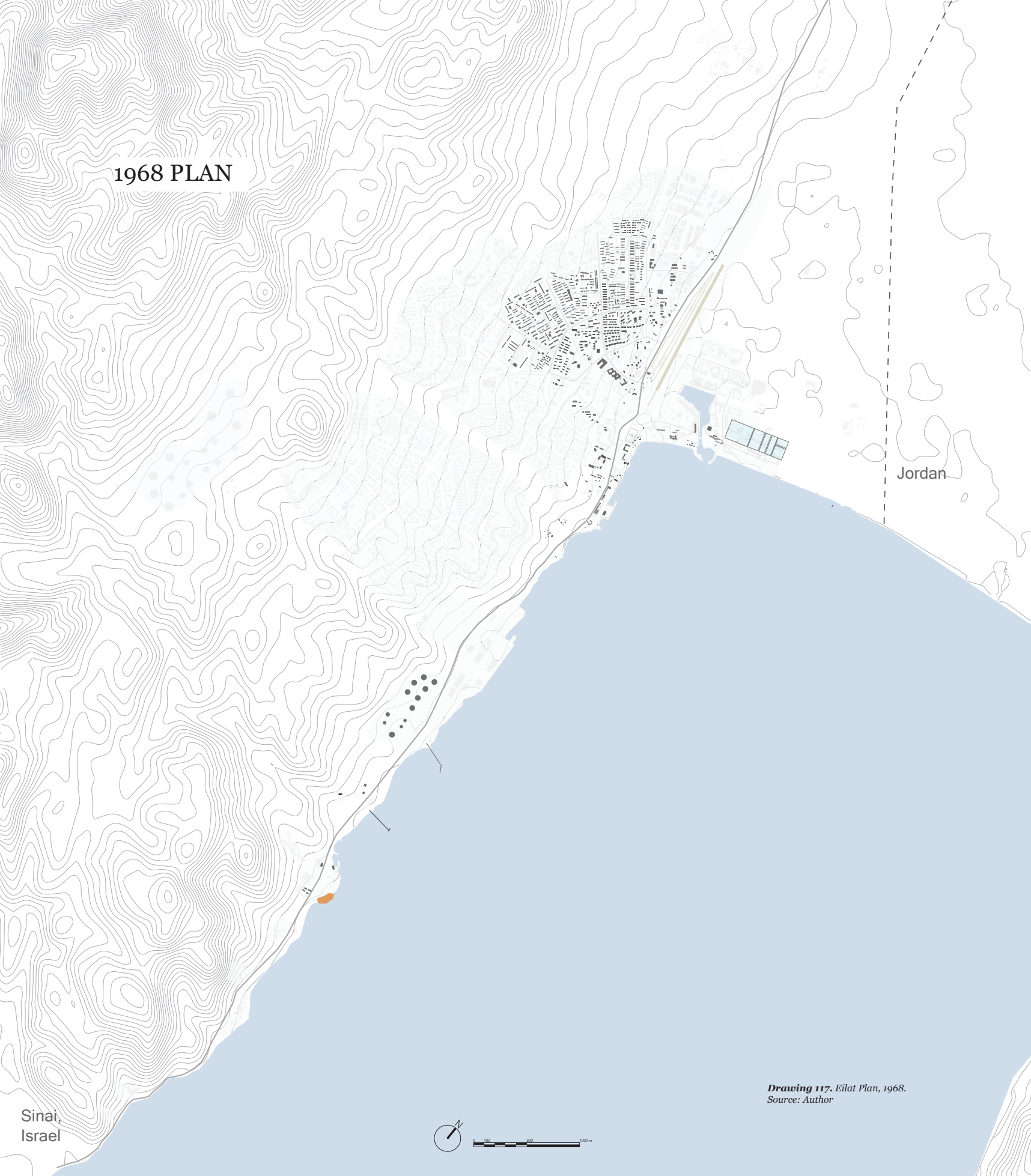
1968



Figure 334. First diving club in Eilat, 1968. Source: Eilat's archive

1968 - Model diver at Aqua Sport Club on Coral Beach

1968 PLAN



Jordan

Sinai,
Israel

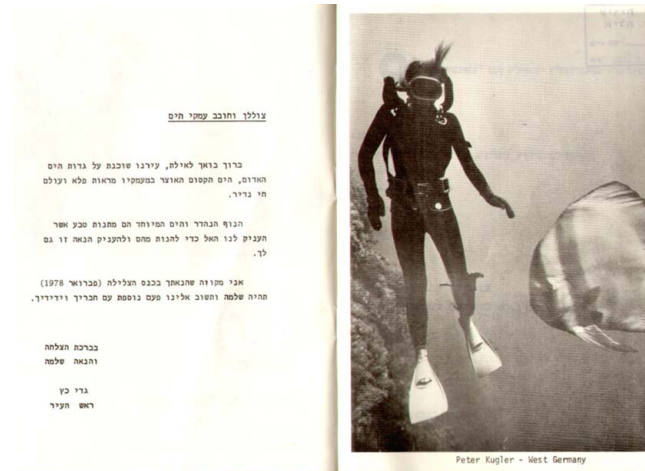
Drawing 117. Eilat Plan, 1968.
Source: Author

WATER SPORT ACTIVITIES

SCUBA DIVING - SOUTH COAST

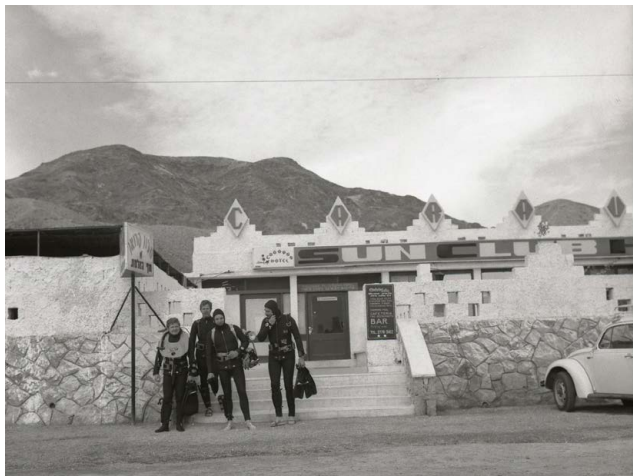
Scuba Diving

1978



1978. Source: Eilat's archive

1969



1969. Source: Eilat's archive

Divers near the diving club on their way to the water at Coral Beach.

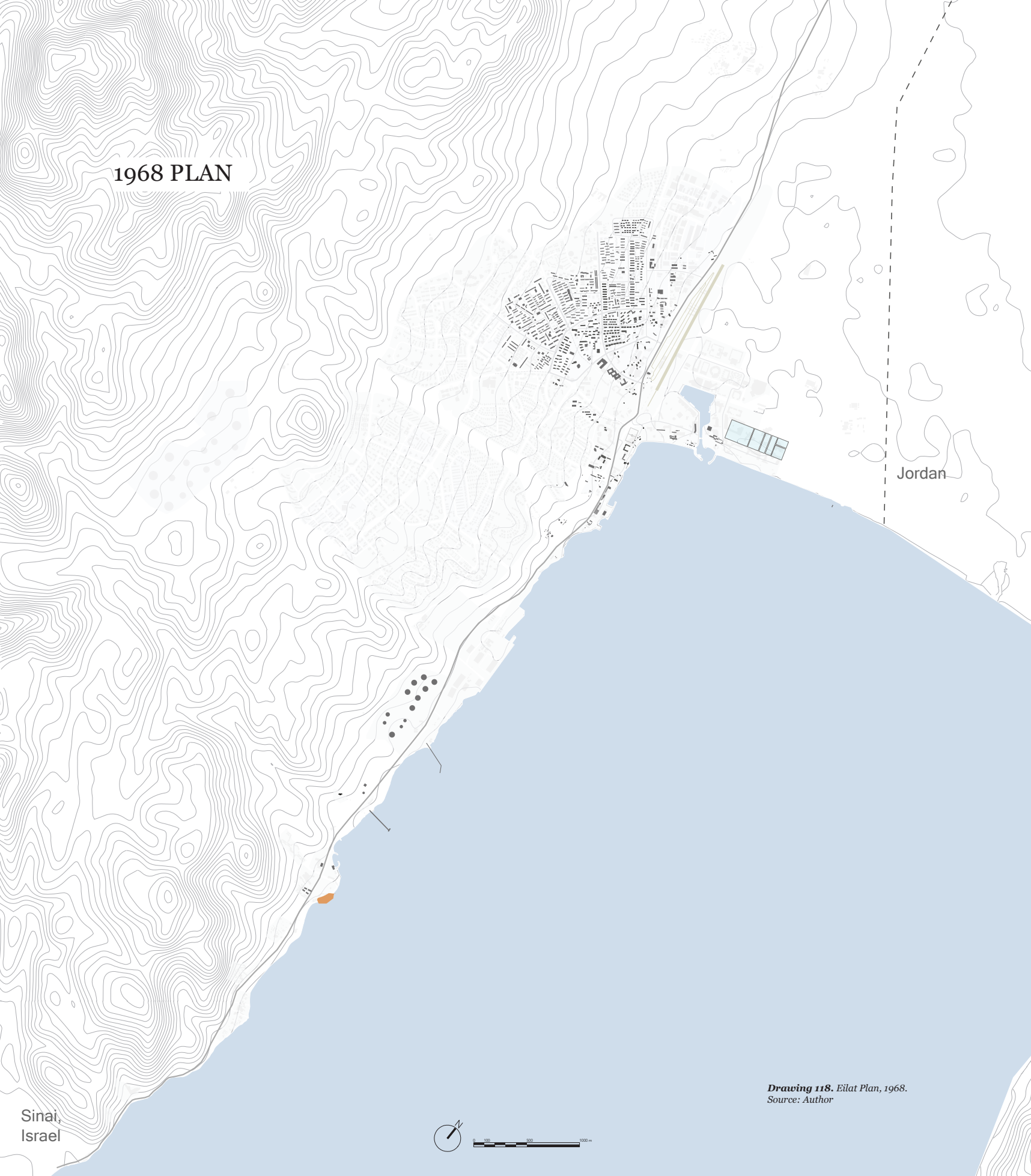
1969



Scuba diving course, 1969. Source: Eilat's archive

Scuba diving course

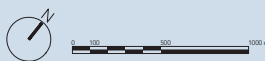
1968 PLAN



Jordan

Sinai,
Israel

Drawing 118. Eilat Plan, 1968.
Source: Author



WATER SPORT ACTIVITIES

3.13.4 SURFING - SOUTH COAST

1970

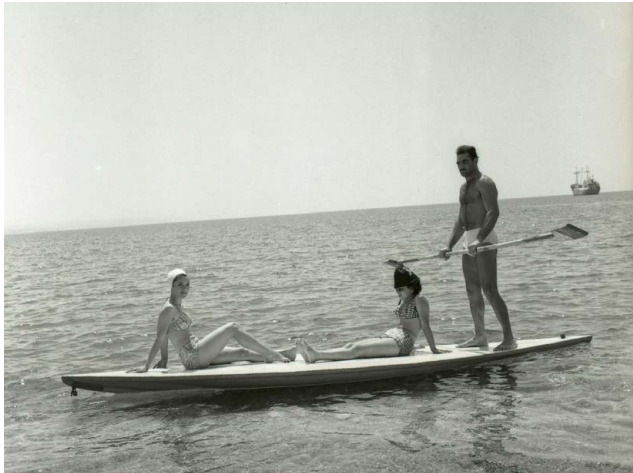


Figure 337. 1960. Source: Eilat's archive

1970 - NOERTH COAST



Figure 336. people bathing, snorkelling, and surfing, 1960. Source: Eilat's archive

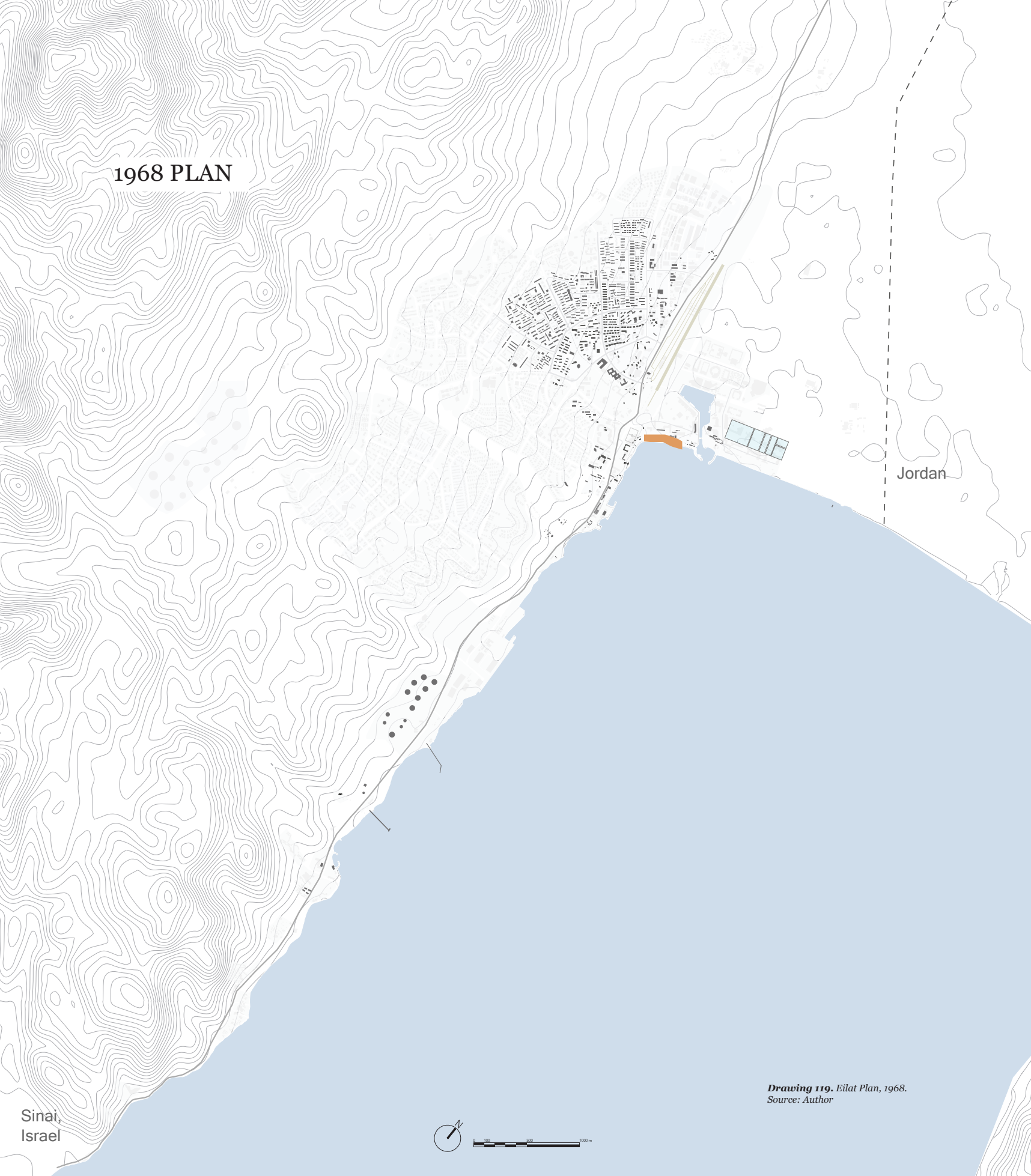
1971



Figure 338. 1967. Source: Eilat's archive

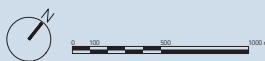
Water skiing and motorboating on the beaches of Eilat.

1968 PLAN



Jordan

Sinai,
Israel



Drawing 119. Eilat Plan, 1968.
Source: Author

WATER SPORT ACTIVITIES

3.13.5 WATER SKIING - NORTH COAST

1970



Figure 339. Water skiing, 1970. Source: Eilat's archive

Skiing in the bay with transport factories in the background

1989



Figure 340. Water skiing at the northern coast, 1989. Source: Eilat's archive

This photograph captures the dual identity of the Northern Coast. In the foreground, a choreographed water-skiing display creates a spectacle of leisure for the local crowd.

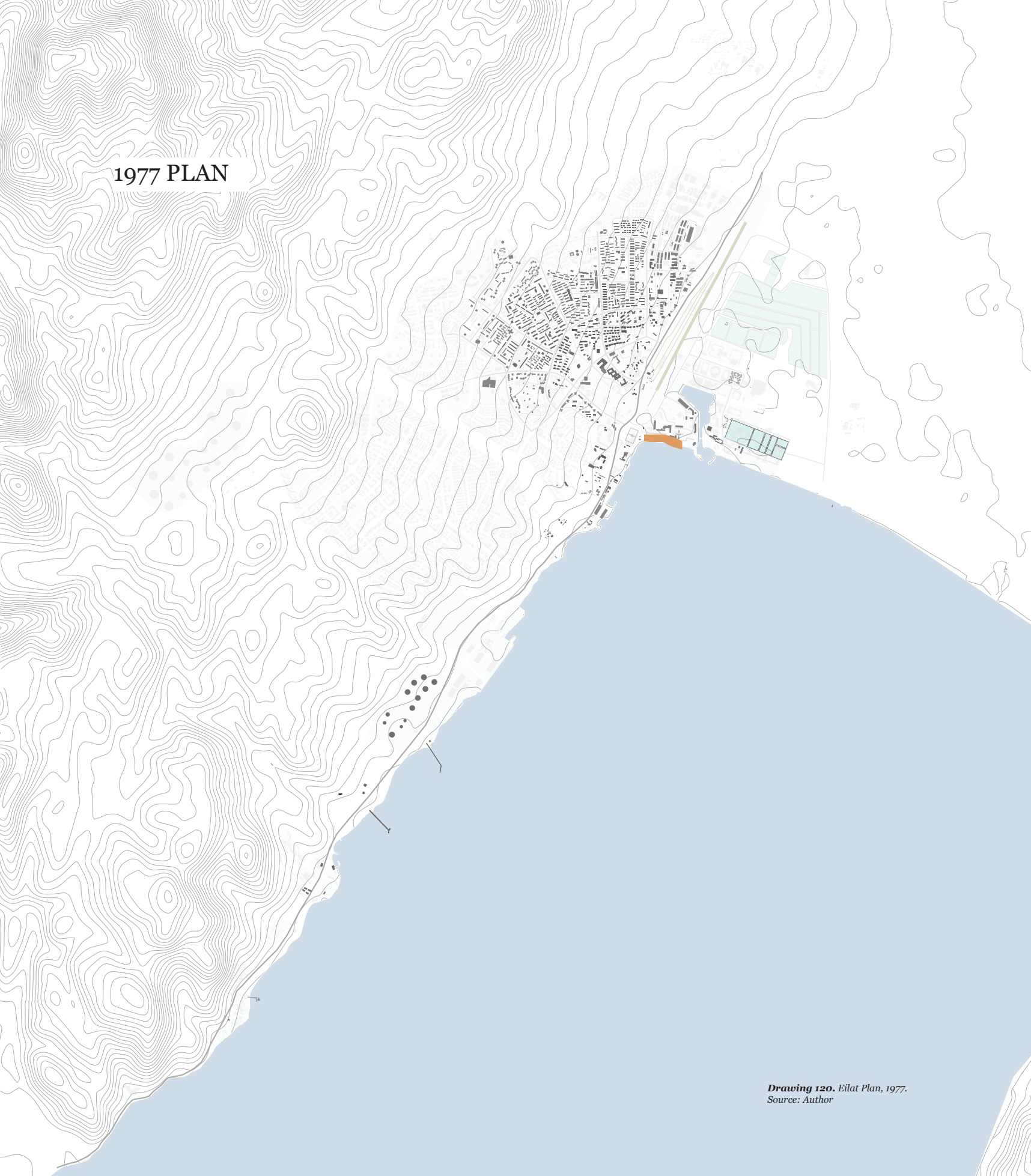
1989



Figure 341. Water skiing at the northern coast, 1989. Source: Eilat's archive

Water sky in the Gulf of Eilat with the Red Rock Hotel in the background

1977 PLAN



WATER SPORT ACTIVITIES

3.13.6 SAILING AND WIND SURFING - NORTH COAST - MARINA

1988



Figure 342. Water skiing, 1988. Source: Eilat's archive

The Eilat Sailing Club: Internal Waters. Located within the newly dredged marina, the sailing club utilizes the calm, protected waters for training. The image shows sailing dinghies maneuvering between the riprap-

1981



Figure 344. 1981. Source: Eilat's archive

A man cares for a windsurfer's sail on the beach in Eilat

1990



Figure 343. Water skiing at the northern coast, 1990. Source: Eilat's archive

Sailboats at sea with the marina entrance in the background - North Shore

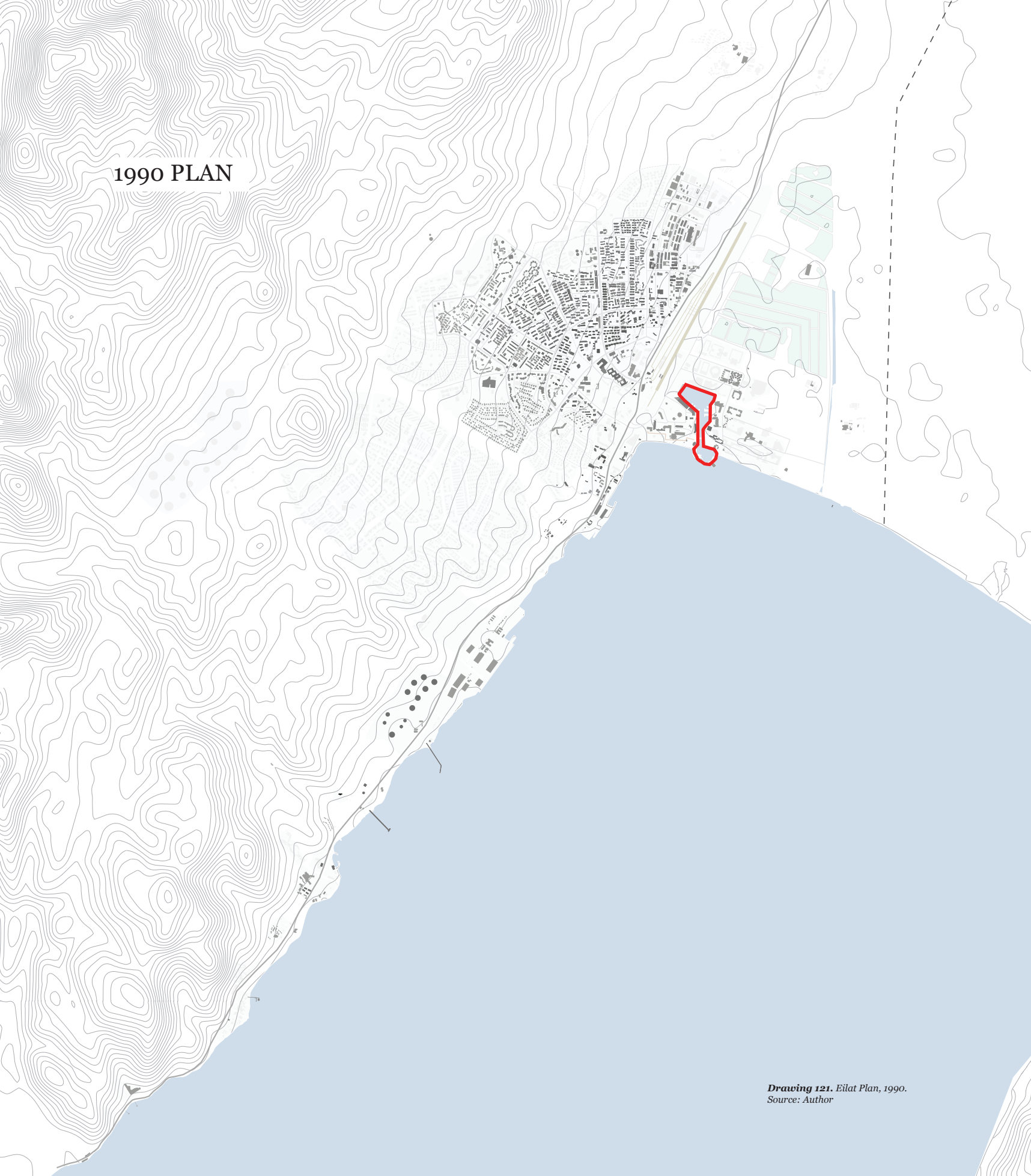
1981



Figure 345. 1981. Source: Eilat's archive

A couple of people in the courtyard of a surfing club in Eilat

1990 PLAN



3.14 INFRASTRUCTURE FACILITIES AT THE COASTLINE

3.14.1 INFRASTRUCTURE - KAZZA OIL PORT

1970

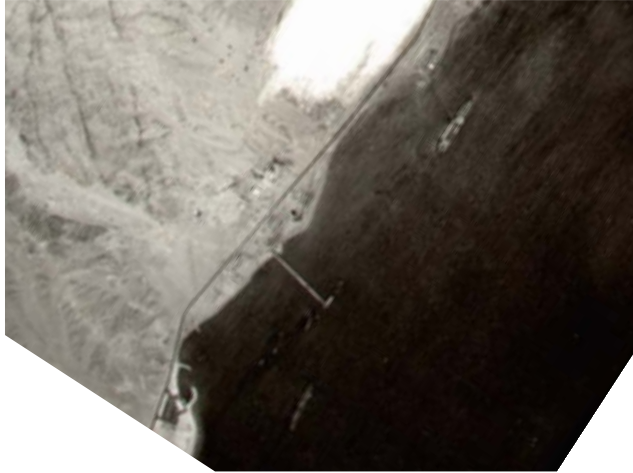


Figure 347. Aerial View of the Oil Port, 1970. Source: National Library of Israel

1970



Figure 346. Oil Port, 1970. Source: National Library of Israel

The new jetty for oil cargo was opened officially in Eilat. August 27, 1970

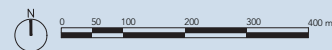
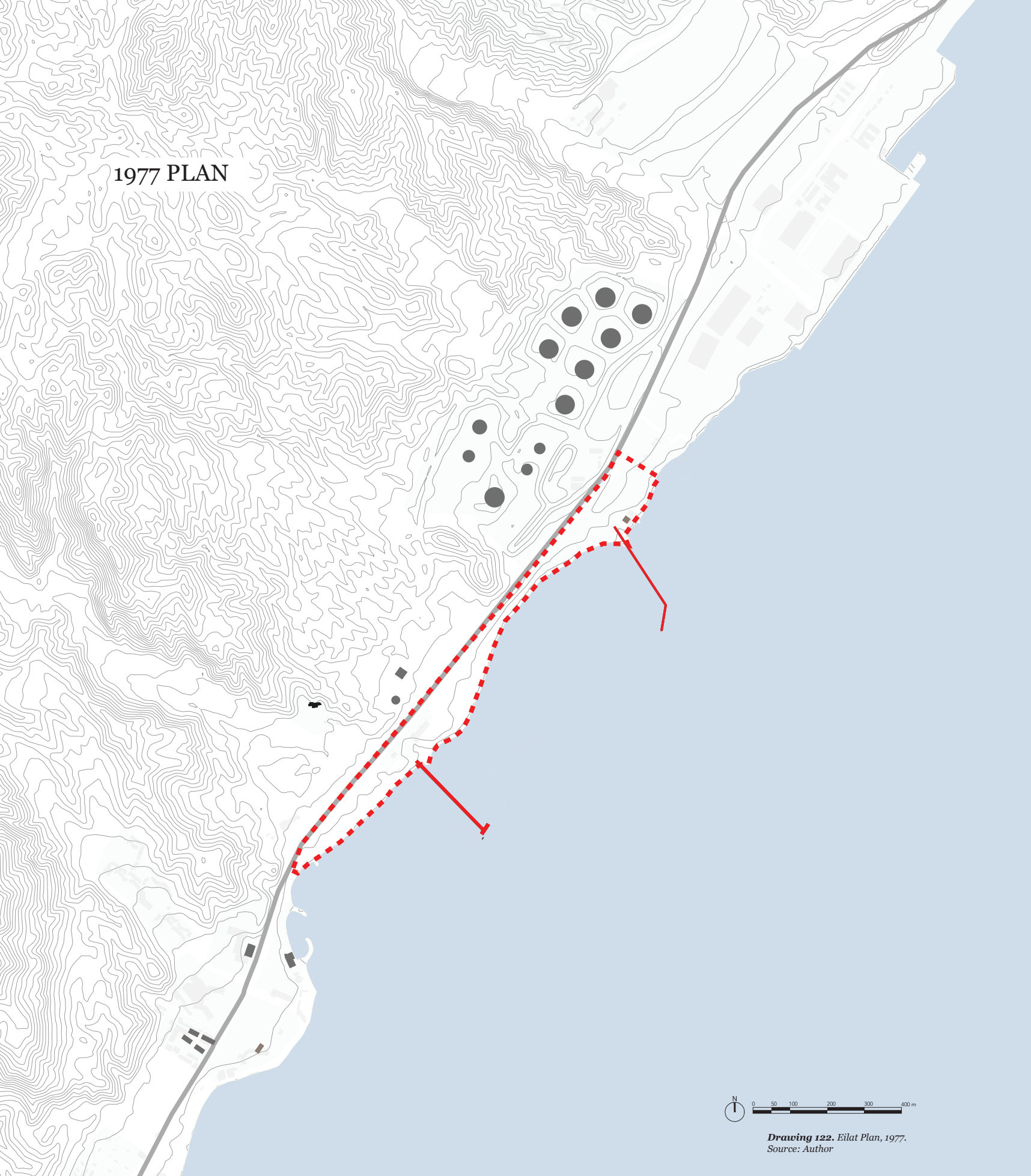
1967



Figure 348. First Oil, 1967. Source: Eilat Archite

A tanker at the oil port. PATRIA-MONROVIA

1977 PLAN



Drawing 122. Eilat Plan, 1977.
Source: Author

INFRASTRUCTURE FACILITIES AT THE COASTLINE

INFRASTRUCTURE - KATZA OIL PORT

1971



Figure 350. Oil Port, 1971. Source: National Library of Israel

1971 The tanker 'Coral Sea' arrived safely in Eilat after being shelled by the Egyptians when passing in the Red Sea. 1971

1984



Figure 349. Oil Port, 1984. Source: National Library of Israel

A tanker ship unloading fuel at the Eilat Oil port,

2024



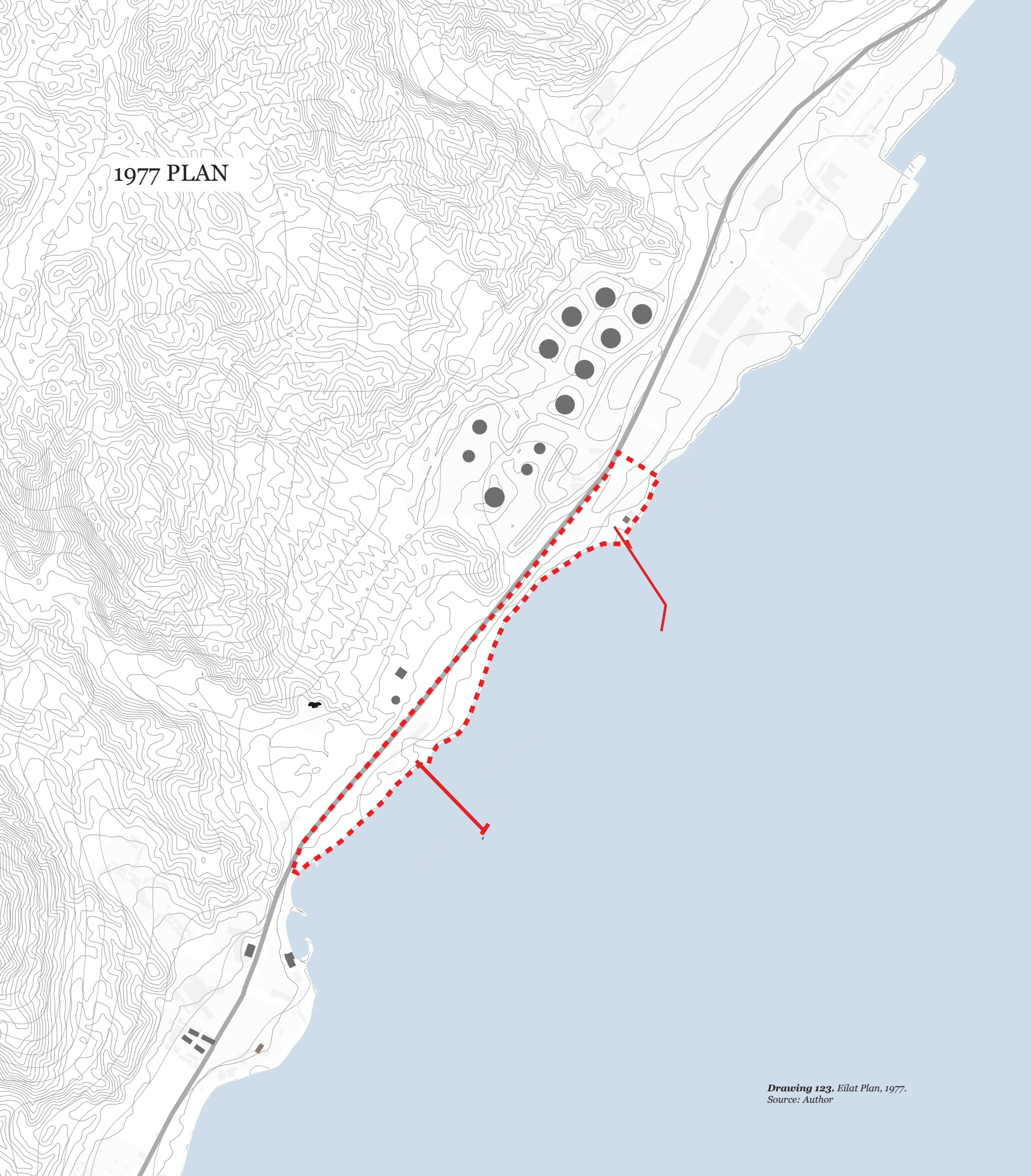
Figure 351. Oilport, 2024. Source: Author

2024



Figure 352. Oil Port 2024 . Source: Author

1977 PLAN



Drawing 123. Eilat Plan, 1977.
Source: Author

INFRASTRUCTURE FACILITIES AT THE COASTLINE

3.14.2 SEA PORT - THE BEGINNING

1950S



Figure 354. Eilat Sea Port's Arial View, 1950s. (Source: Wikimedia)

1951



Figure 353. Eilat Sea Port's Arial View, 1951. (Source: Eilat's archive)



Figure 356. Eilat Sea Port's Arial View, 1964. (Eilat's Archive)

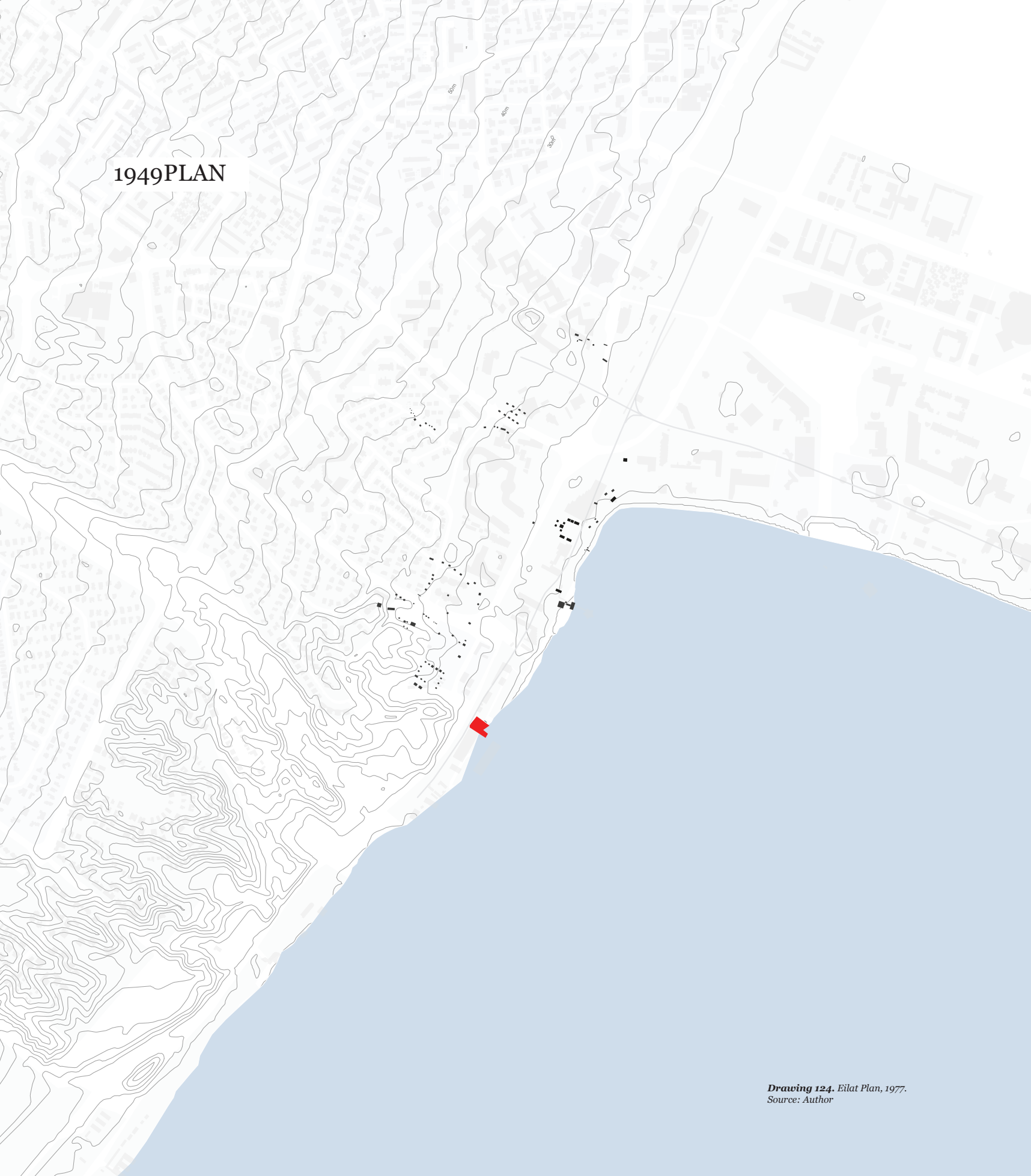
1951



Figure 355. Eilat Sea Port, 1951. Source: Eilat's archive

1951 - The beginning of the first port

1949 PLAN



INFRASTRUCTURE FACILITIES AT THE COASTLINE

EILAT SEAPORT

1950S



Figure x Eilat Port, 1951. Source: Eilat's archive

1951



Figure x Eilat Port, 1952. Source: Eilat's archive

1951



Figure x Eilat Port, 1951. Source: Eilat's archive

1951

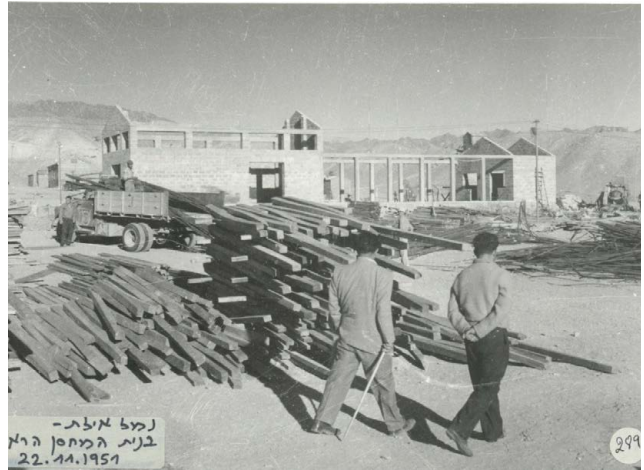
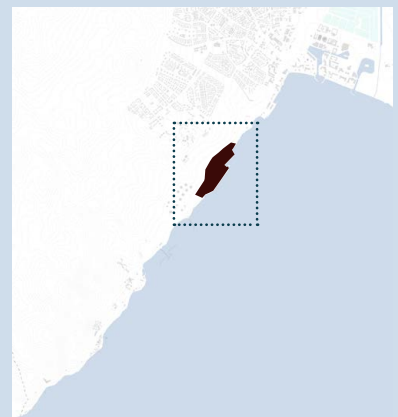
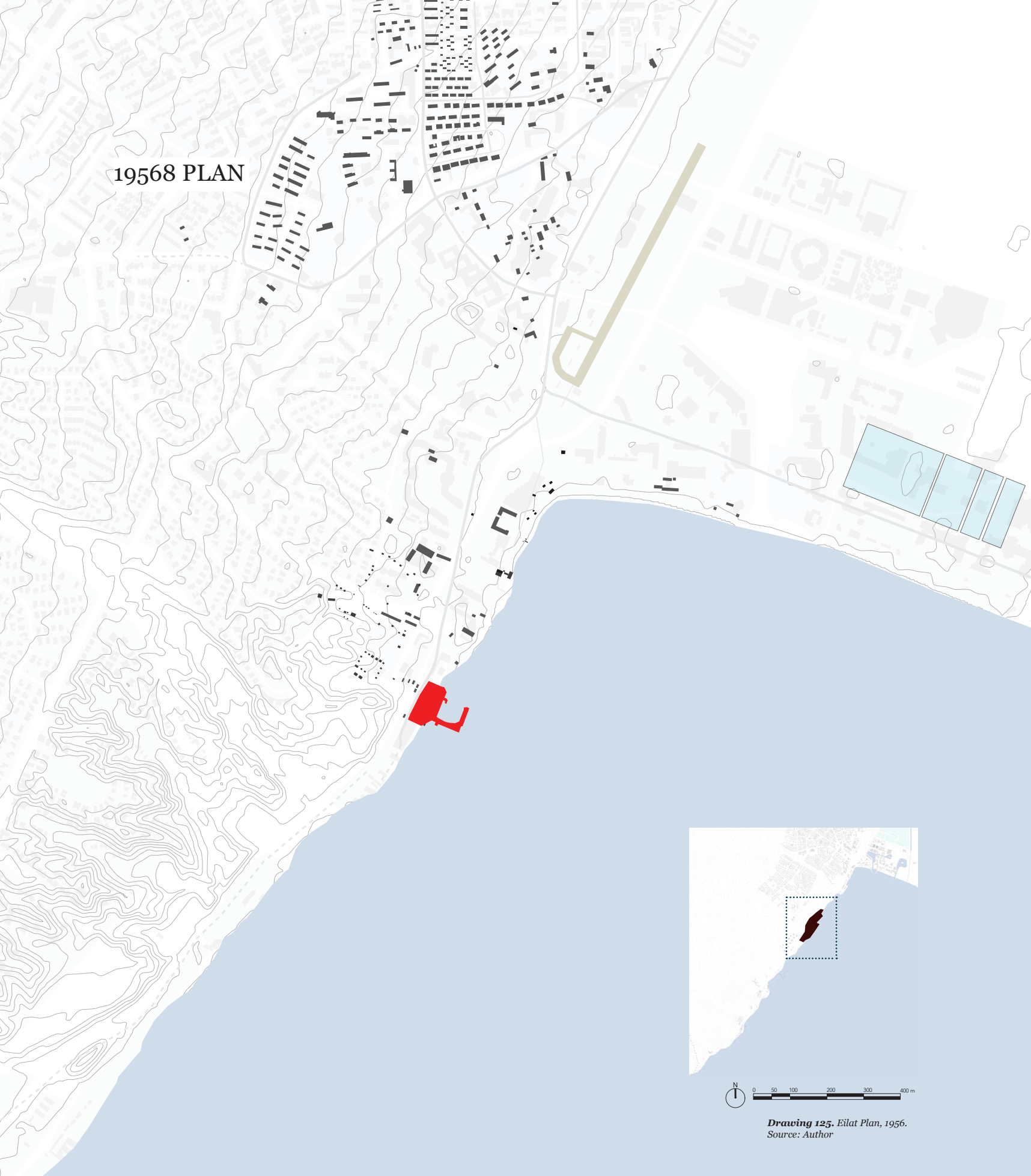


Figure x Eilat Port, 1952. Source: Eilat's archive

April 1951- A month after the beginning of the construction

1956 PLAN



Drawing 125. Eilat Plan, 1956.
Source: Author

INFRASTRUCTURE FACILITIES AT THE COASTLINE

EILAT SEAPORT

1956

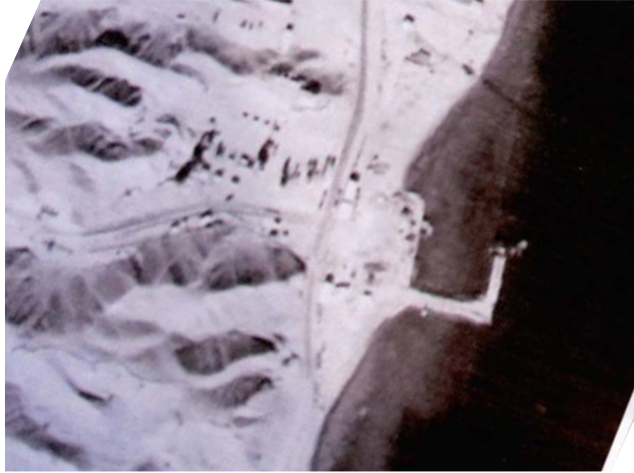


Figure x Eilat Sea port Aerial view, 1956. Source: Eilat's archive

1957



Eilat Sea port, 1957. (Source: Eilat's archive)

1962



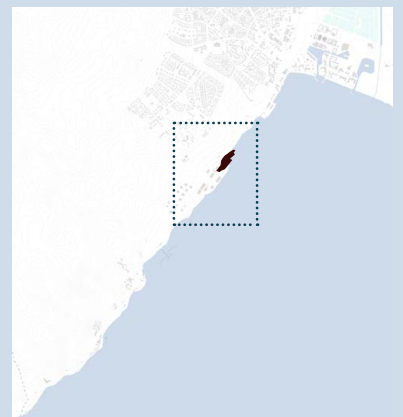
Figure x Eilat Port, 1962. Source: Eilat's archive

1964



Figure x Eilat Sea Port, 1964. Source: National Library of Israel

1956 PLAN

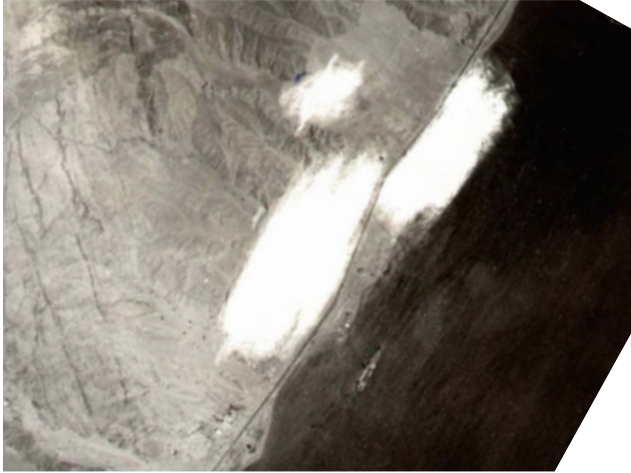


Drawing 126. Eilat Plan, 1956.
Source: Author

INFRASTRUCTURE FACILITIES AT THE COASTLINE

ENLARGING THE PORT

1970



Aerial View of Harbour Area, 1970. Source: Eilat's archive

The area of the seaport was deleted but it give us a gimps of it grow

1964



Sea port and the Fisherman's House, 1964. (Source: Eilat's archive)

1964 - Eilat Port and Fisherman's House

1964



Figure x Eilat Sea Port construction, 1964. Source: Eilat's archive

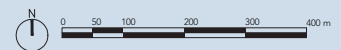
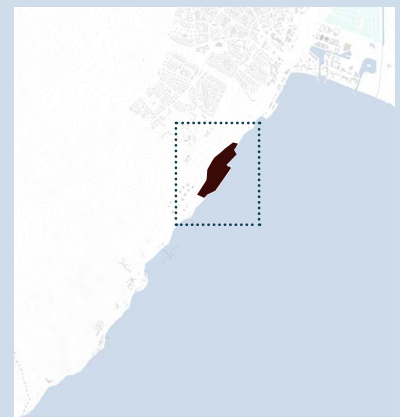
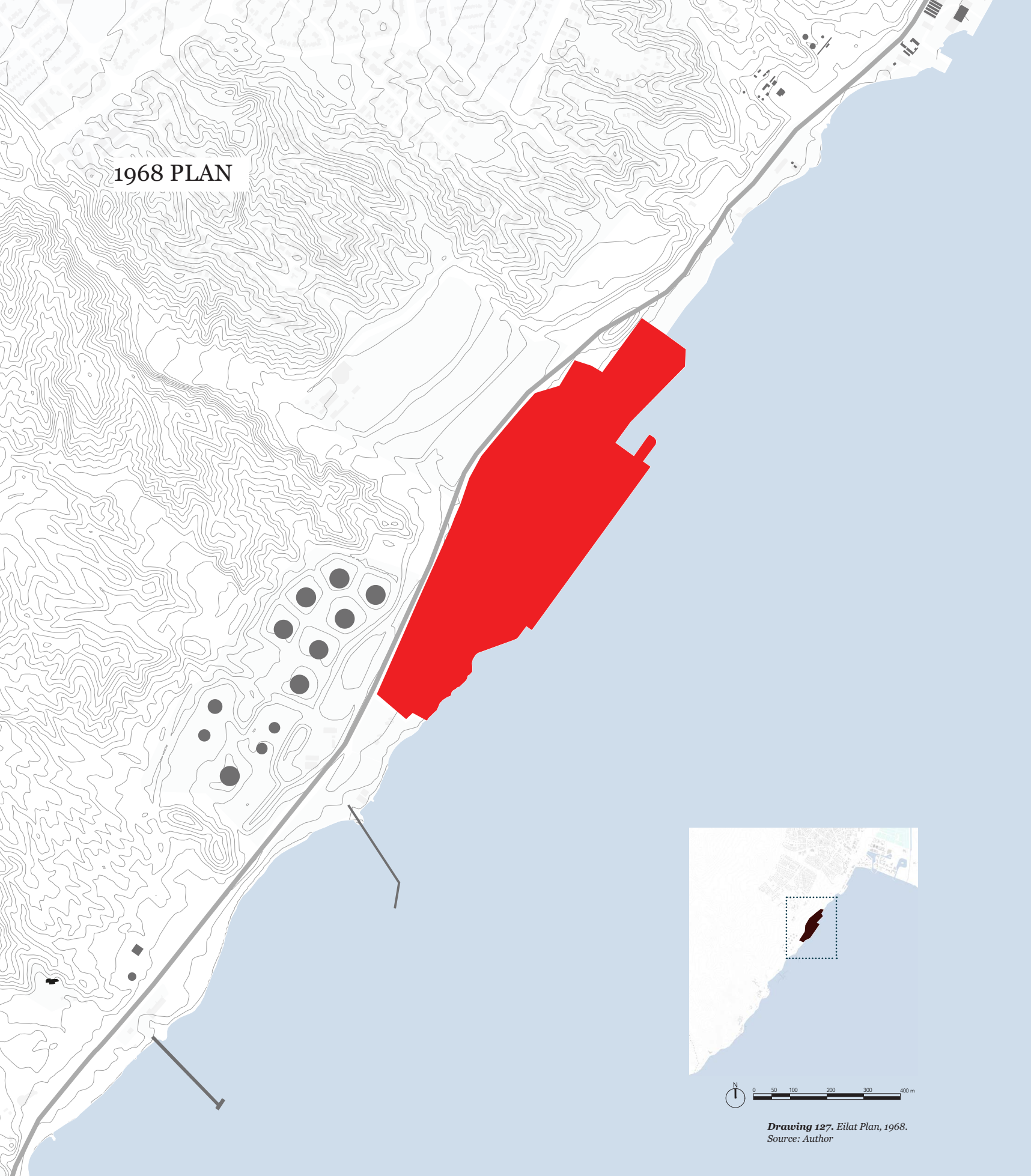
1964



Construction of the new sea port, 1964. (Source: Eilat's archive)

1964 - Construction of the new Eilat Port

1968 PLAN



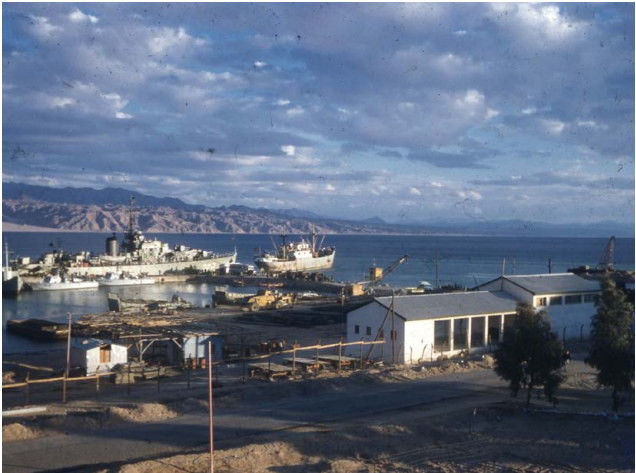
Drawing 127. Eilat Plan, 1968.
Source: Author

INFRASTRUCTURE FACILITIES AT THE COASTLINE
EILAT SEAPORT

2010



1951



Eilat Sea Port. (Source: Eilat's archive)

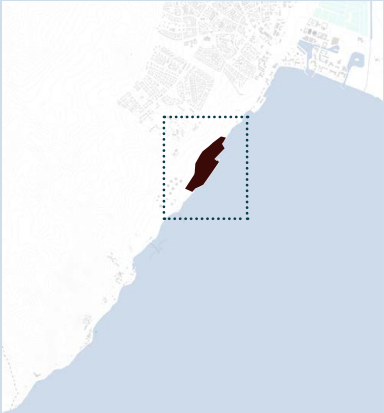


2018



Arial view Sea port, 2018. (Source: Eilat's archive)

2020 PLAN



Drawing 128. Eilat Plan, 2020.

Source: Author

INFRASTRUCTURE FACILITIES AT THE COASTLINE

3.14.3 EILAT NAVY

1970



Navy base, 1970. (Source: Eilat's archive)

1951

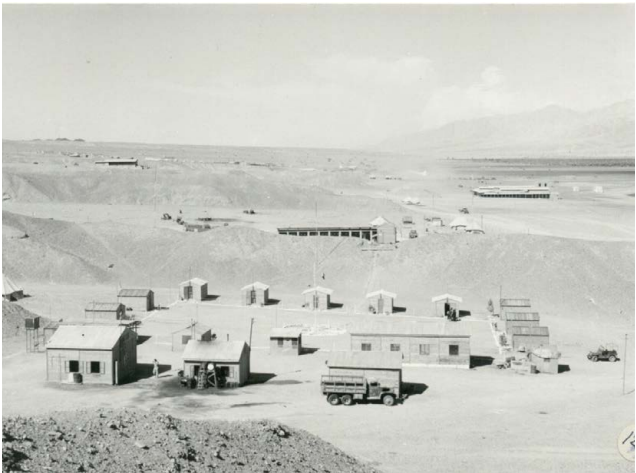


Figure x Navy base, 1951. Source: Eilat's archive

1951 - Beginning of the Navy Construction in 1951

1964

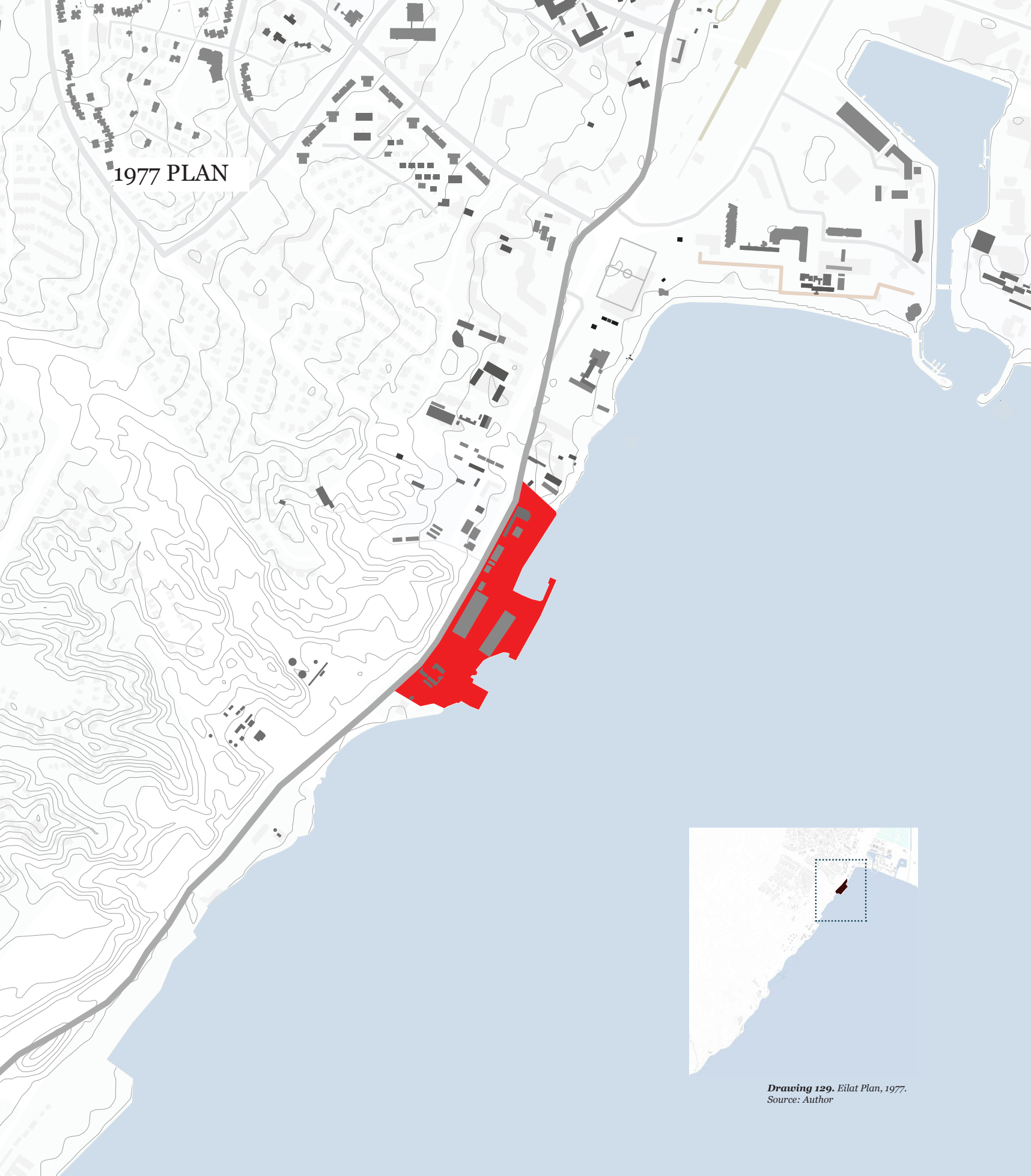


Eilat Sea Port's Arial View, 1964. (Eilat's Archive)

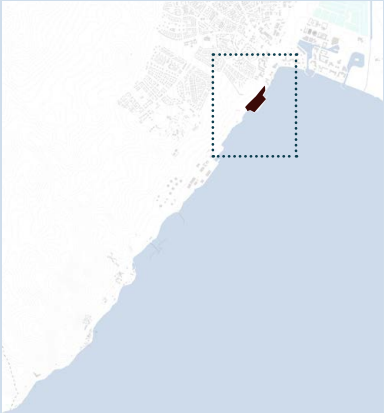
1976



Figure x Navy Shio, 1967. Source: Eilat's archive



1977 PLAN



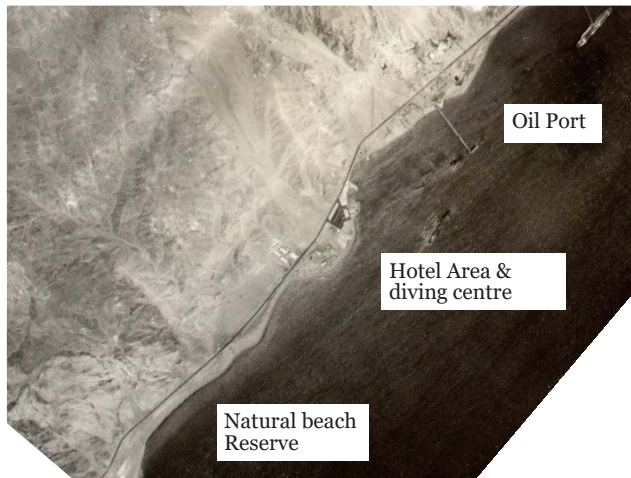
***Drawing 129.** Eilat Plan, 1977.*

Source: Author

THE NATURAL RESERVE



Coral Reserve Aerial View, 1981. Source: Eilat Archive

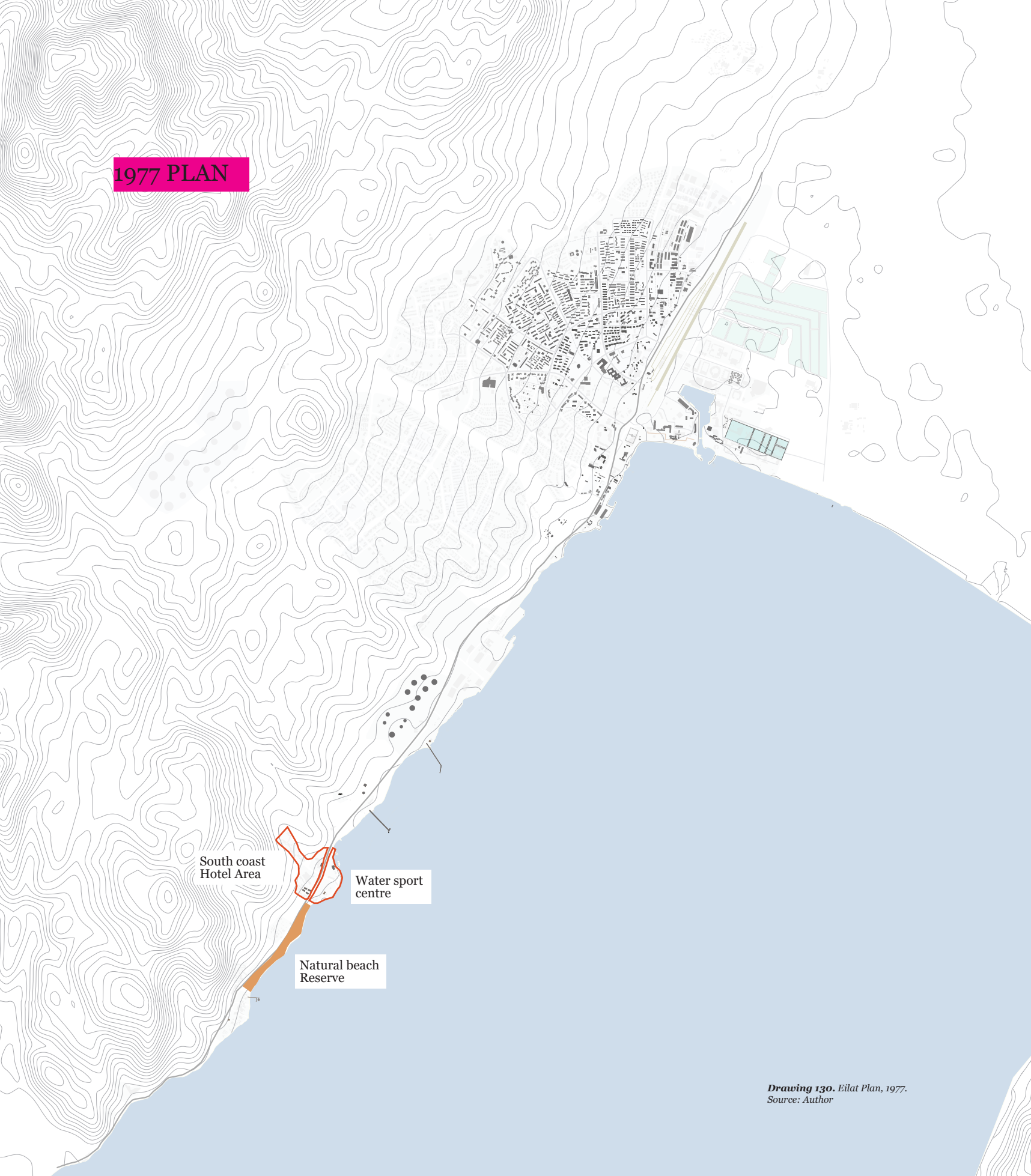


Aerial View of the hotel are at the south coast 1970. Source: National Library of Israel



Figure x Princess Hotel. Source: Saf

1977 PLAN



South coast
Hotel Area

Water sport
centre

Natural beach
Reserve